

The Earth radiation budget from a surface perspective

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Content

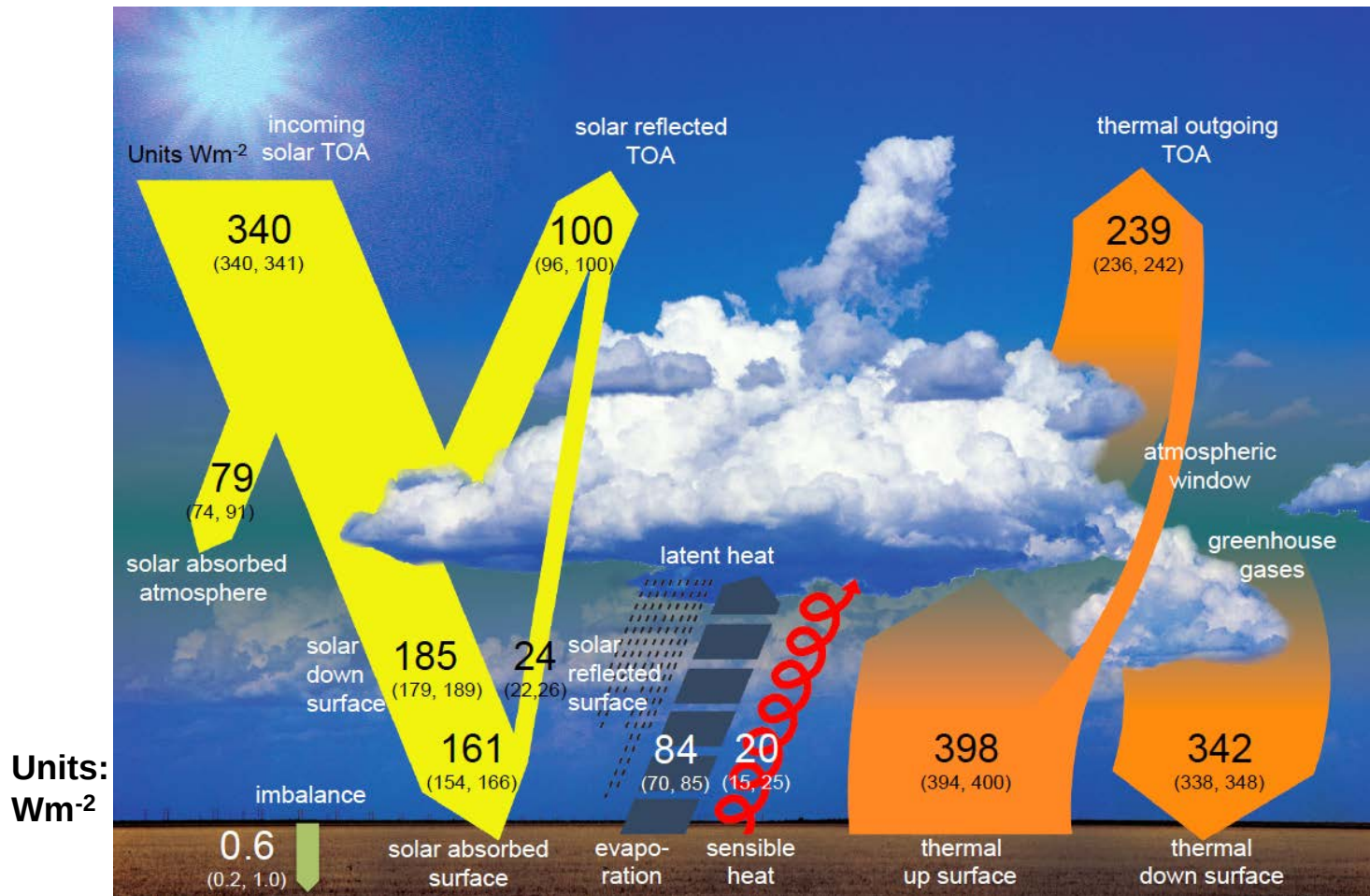
Part 1: Earth radiation budget **mean state**

- What is the significance of global energy balance?
- How well can we quantify its components?
- How is it reproduced in climate models?

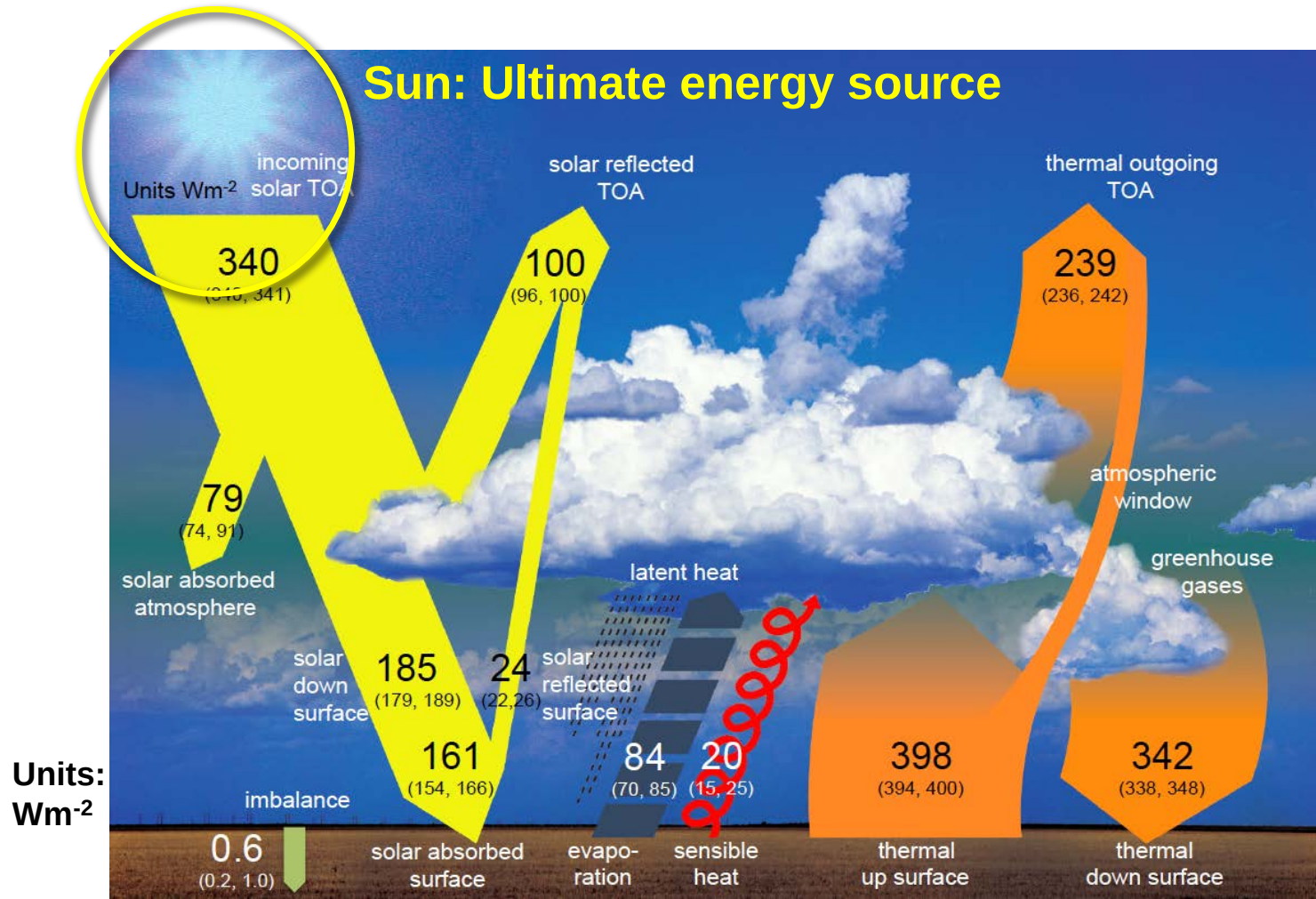
Part 2: Earth radiation budget **temporal changes**

- How do the radiative components change over time?
- What are the implications for climate change?

Earth radiation budget

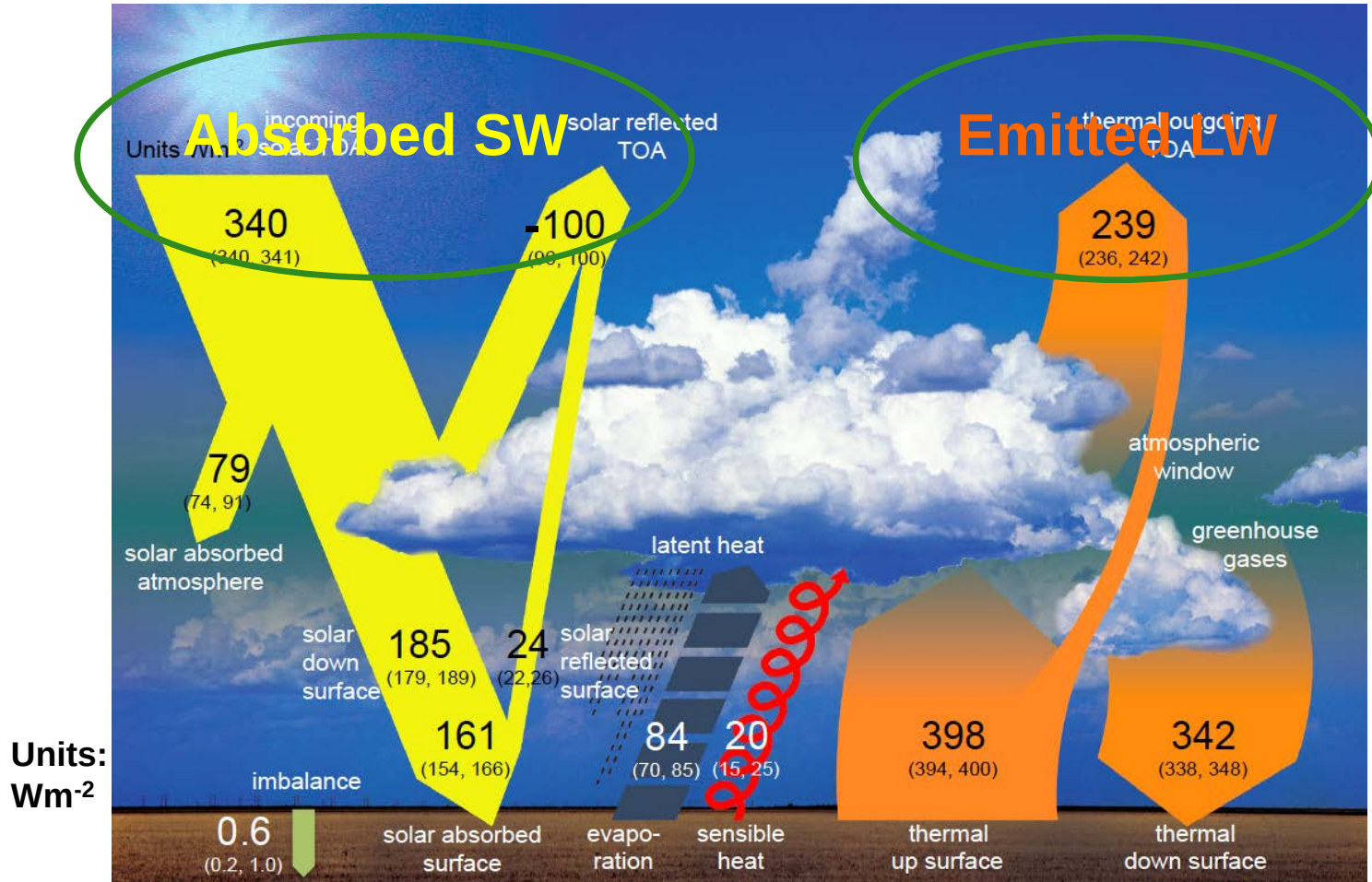


Earth radiation budget



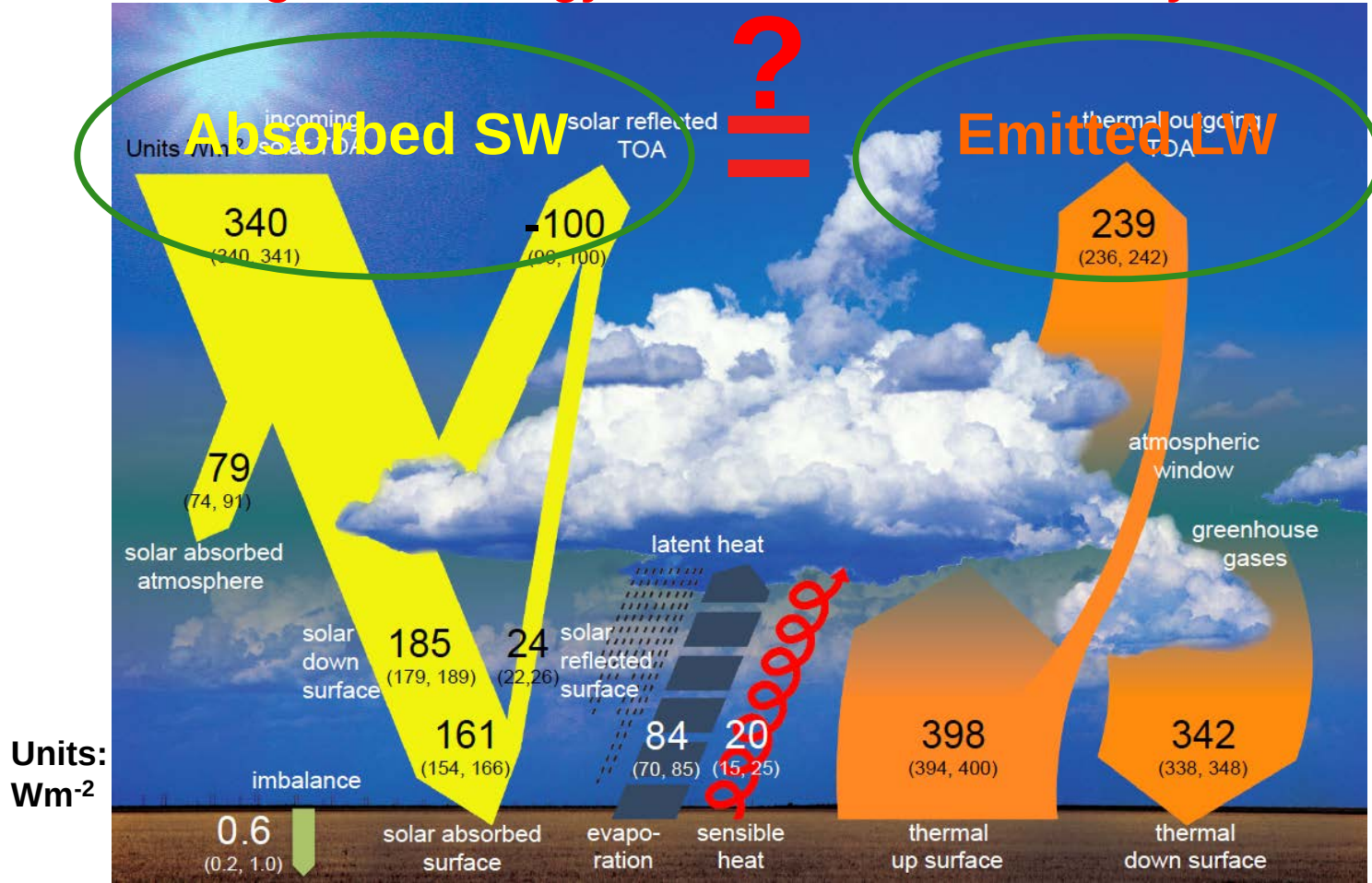
Earth radiation budget

Radiation balance at the Top of Atmosphere

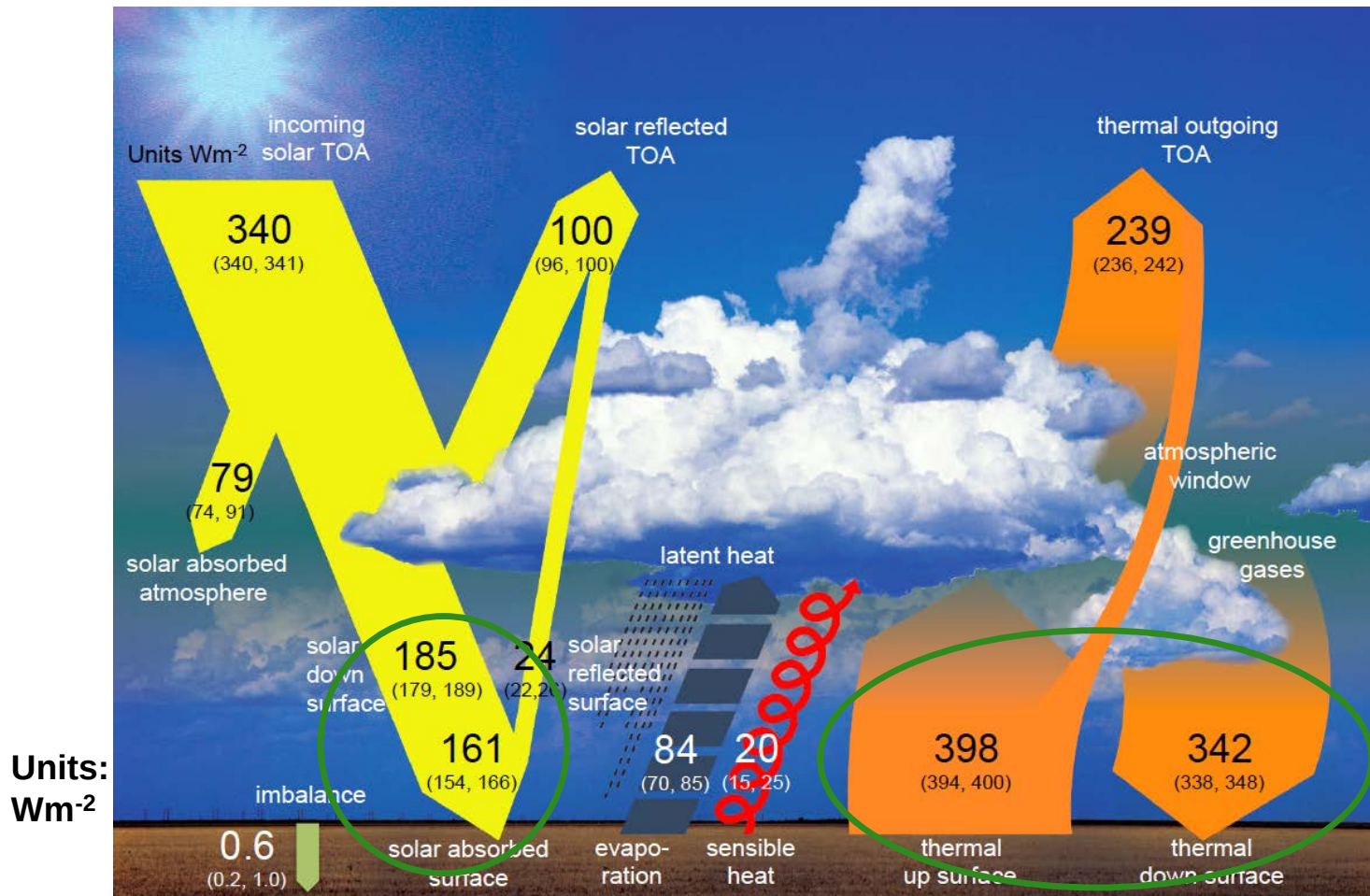


Earth radiation budget

Radiation balance at the Top of Atmosphere regulates energy content of the climate system

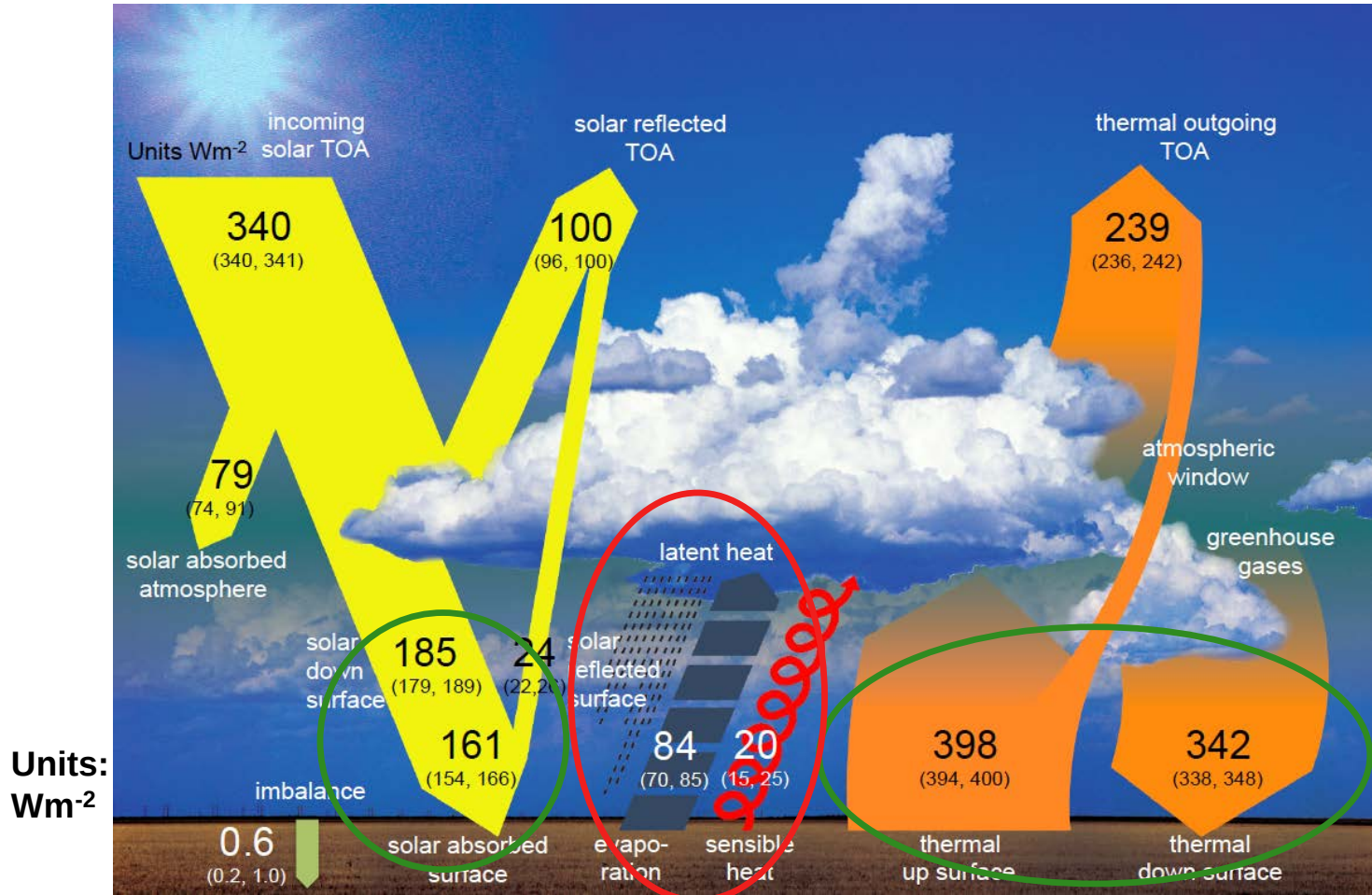


Earth radiation budget



Radiation balance at the surface

Earth radiation budget



Radiation balance at the surface

determines surface climate and drives the global water cycle

Estimates of global mean radiation budgets

Historic estimates: Pre-satellite period

TSI: **1326-1963** Wm^{-2}

Planetary Albedo **0.33-0.5**

OLR **174-327** Wm^{-2}

Dines 1917

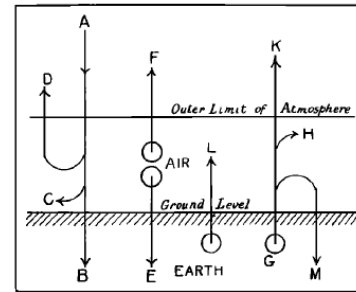


Fig. 2. Heat balance of the atmosphere: (A) radiant energy reaching the atmosphere, part of which is (B) absorbed by the earth, (C) absorbed by the air, and (D) reflected by the earth or air; (G) radiation of the earth, part of which is (M) reflected back, (H) absorbed, and (K) transmitted; (E and F) downward and upward radiation of the air, respectively; and (L) heat passing from the earth to the air other than by radiation [after Dines, 1917].

London 1957

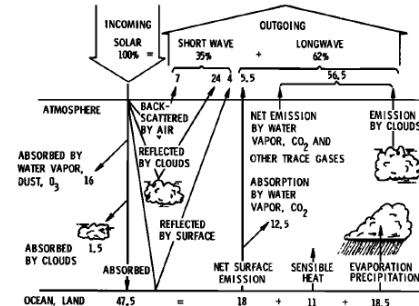


Fig. 3. Same as Figure 2, estimated by London [1957].

Source: Hunt et al. 1986 Rev. Geophys.

	TSI Solar constant Wm^{-2}	Planetary Albedo	Absorption by earth/atmosphere Wm^{-2}	Absorption in the atmosphere Wm^{-2}	Emission at TOA Wm^{-2}	Global radiation Wm^{-2}	Absorbed global radiation Wm^{-2}	Surface Albedo	long-wave in-radiation Wm^{-2}	Long-wave out-radiation Wm^{-2}
(1935)	1963	0.33	327 (67)	81 (17)	327	245 (75)				
Fowle (1908)	1465	0.37	231 (63)	66 (18)	231	179 (49)	165 (45)	0.08		388 (14.5)
(1917)	1395	0.50	174 (50)	29 (8)	174		145(42)		194	242 (-17.6)
(1919)		0.43								
(1928)	1362	0.43	194 (57)		189					
(1936)	1395	0.43	199 (57)	49 (14)	199		150 (43)		307	401 (16.9)
Phillips (1934)	1353	0.43	193 (57)	52 (16)	193	162 (48)	145 (43)	0.10	325	406 (17.7)
(1949)	1353	0.45	186 (55)	44(13)	186	156 (46)	140 (42)	0.10	328	389 (14.7)
(1954)	1353	0.35								
(1954)	1353	0.34	223 (66)	66 (19)	223	175 (52)	157 (47)	0.10	355	403 (17.2)
(1956)	1326	0.40	199 (60)	52 (16)	199	171 (52)	147 (44)	0.14	328	385 (14.0)
(1957)	1395	0.35	227 (65)	61 (17.5)	227	181 (52)	166 (47.5)	0.12	337	400 (16.7)
(1962)		0.38								
(1963)	1326	0.33	222 (67)	78 (24)	222	167 (50)	144 (43)	0.14	342	390 (15.0)
Strickler (1964)	1395	0.35	228 (65)	63 (18)	228	184 (53)	165 (47)	0.10	330	390 (15.0)
(1965)	1395	0.36	224 (64)	59 (17)	224	185 (53)	164 (47)	0.11	273	342 (5.5)

Ohmura 2015

Estimates of global radiation budgets

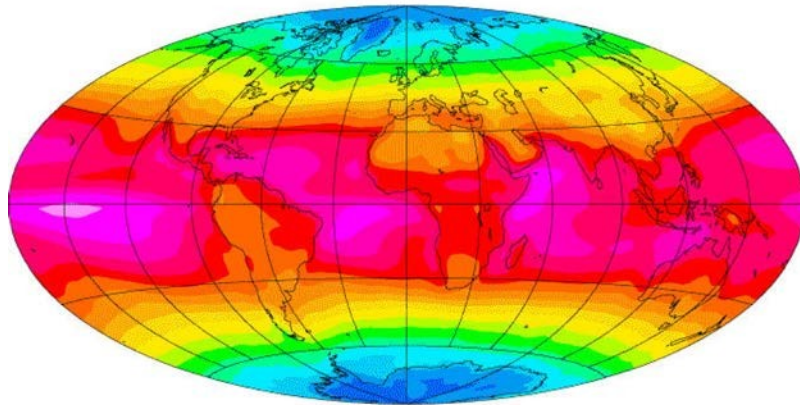
Early Satellite Period: Earth Radiation Budget Experiment (ERBE) 1985-1989



Planetary albedo: **0.30**

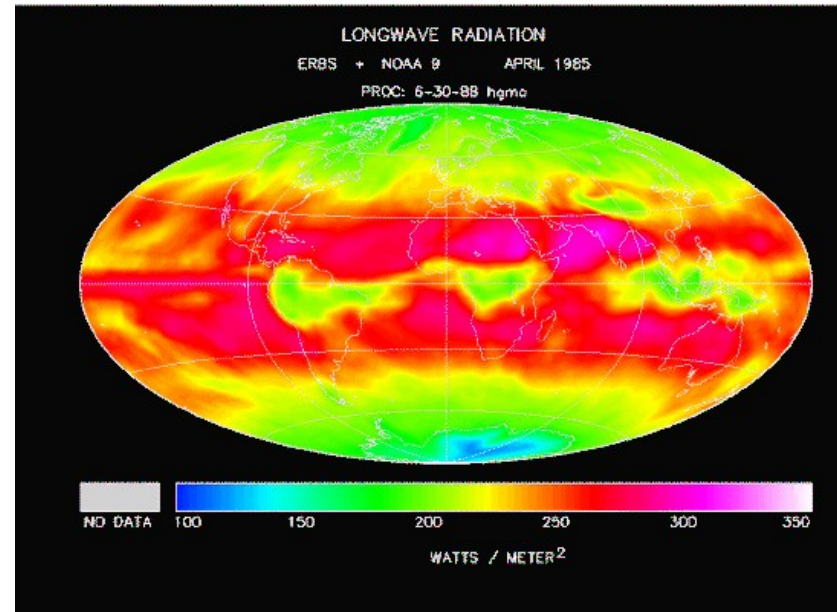
Total SW absorption/ LW emission: **235** Wm⁻²

Absorbed Shortwave Radiation
1985-1986



W/m²

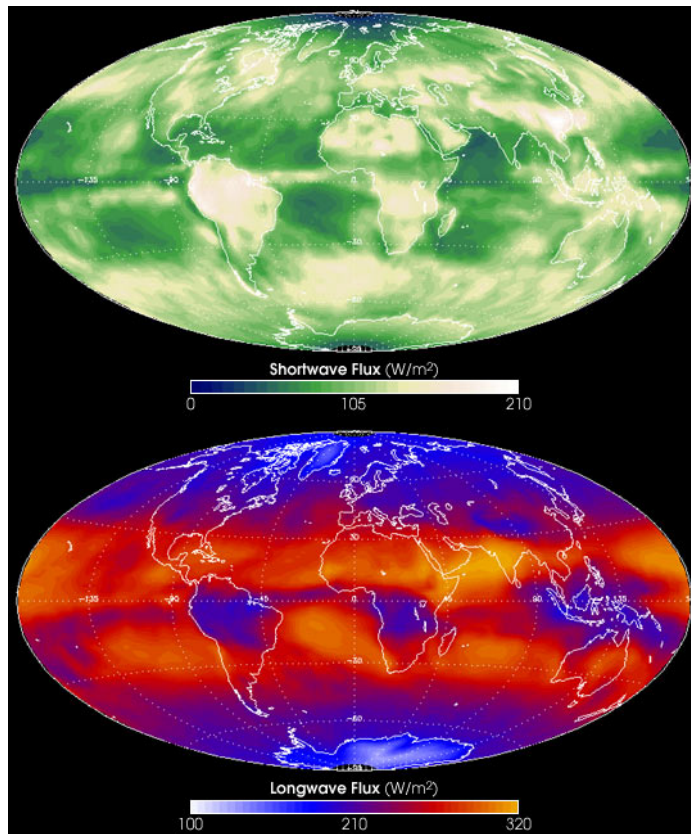
LONGWAVE RADIATION
ERBS + NOAA 9 APRIL 1985
PROC: 6-30-88 hgmc



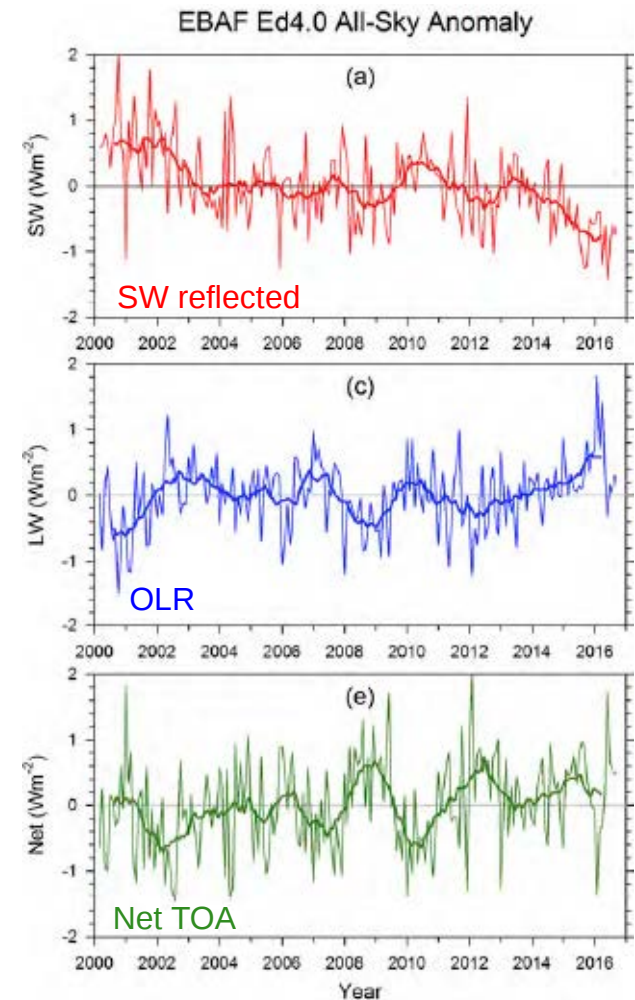
WATTS / METER²

Estimates of global radiation budgets

“Golden era” of satellite observations:
CERES satellite observations in the 2000s



NASA Releases Terra's First Global 1-Month Composite Images

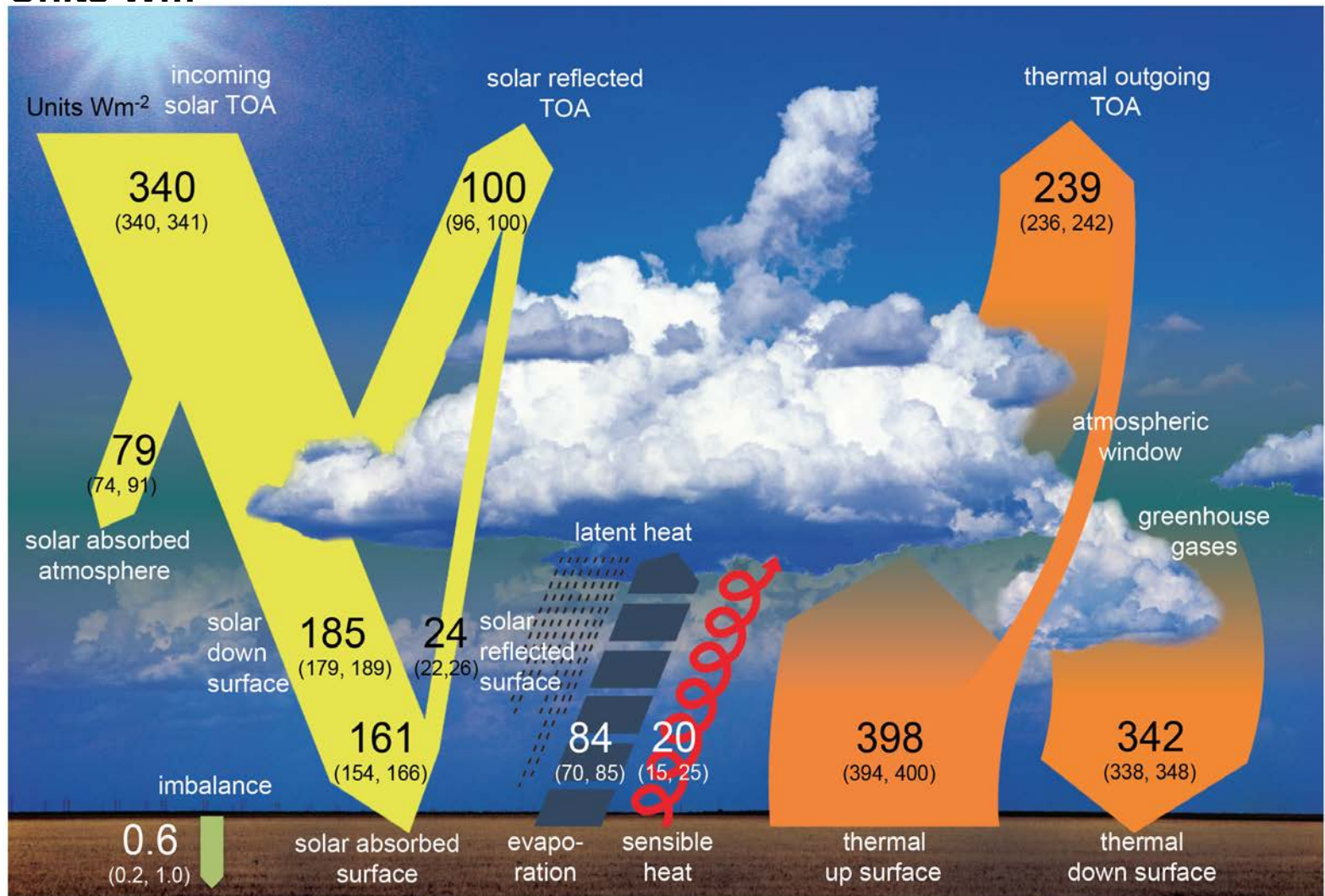


Loeb et al. 2018

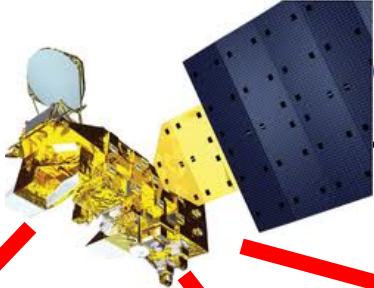
Estimates of global radiation budgets

Uncertainties

Units Wm^{-2}

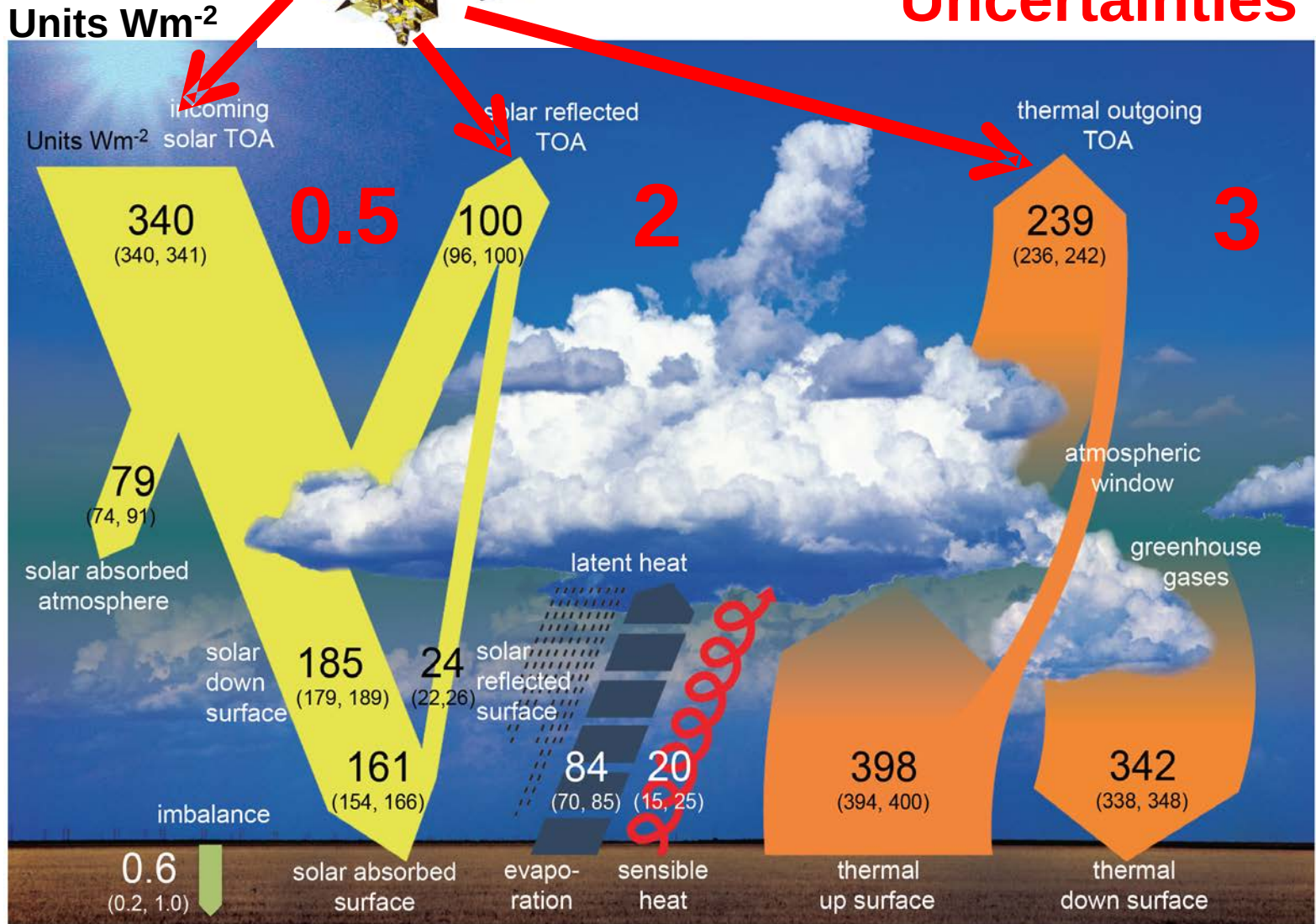


Satellite missions
CERES
SORCE

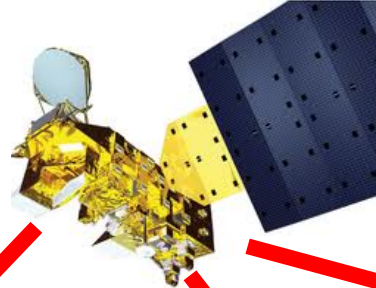


Global radiation budgets

Uncertainties

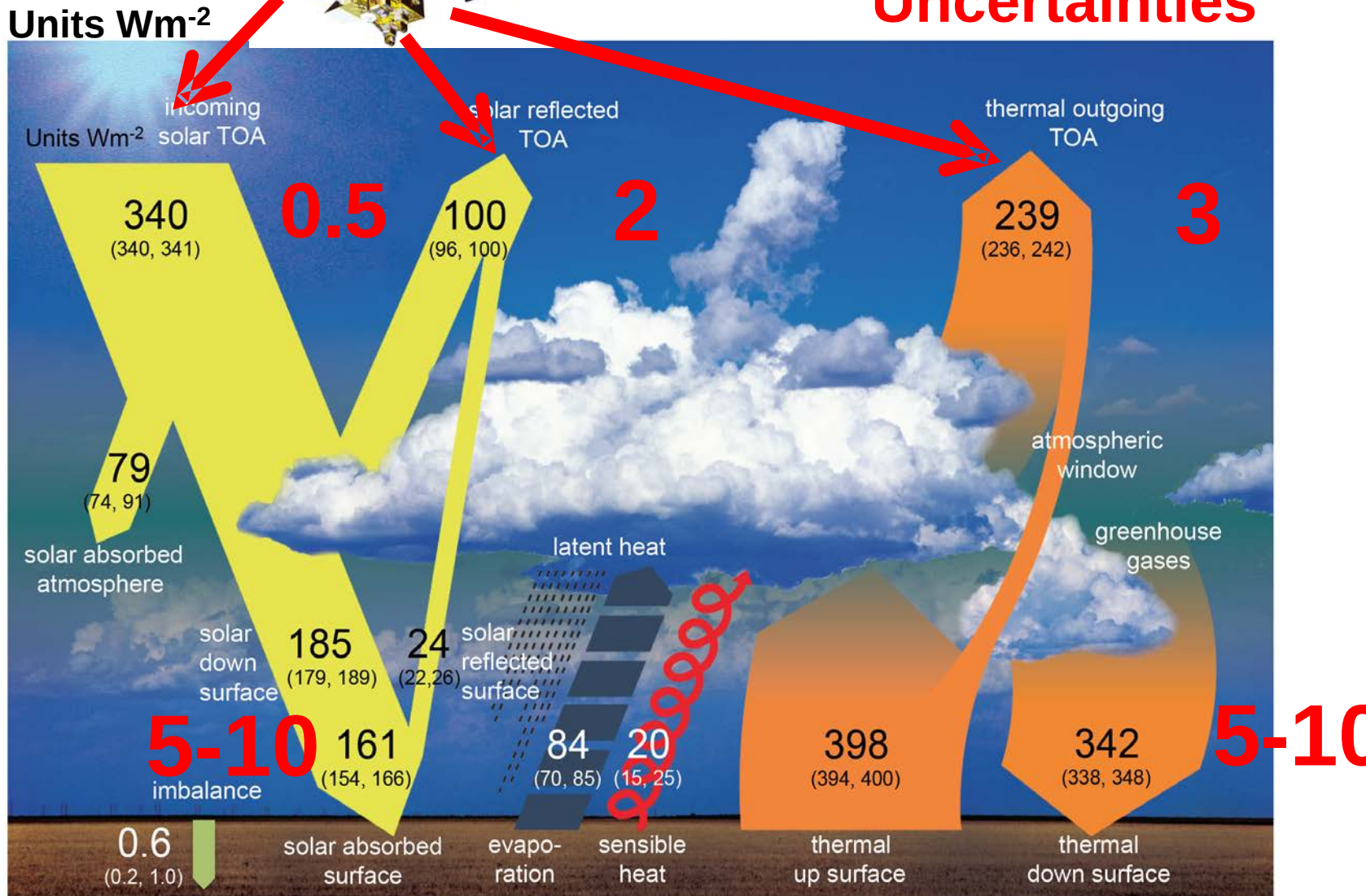


Satellite missions
CERES
SORCE



Global radiation budgets

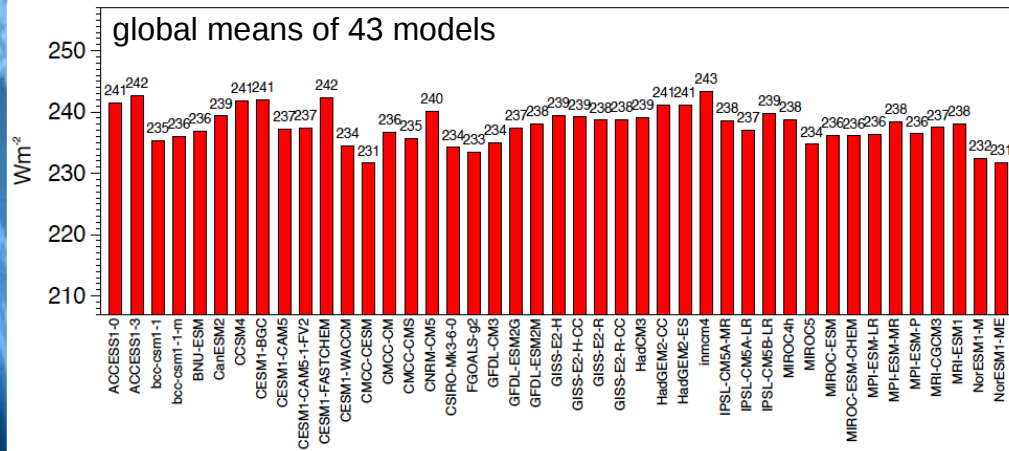
Uncertainties



Uncertainties remain in the estimation of the energy balance components

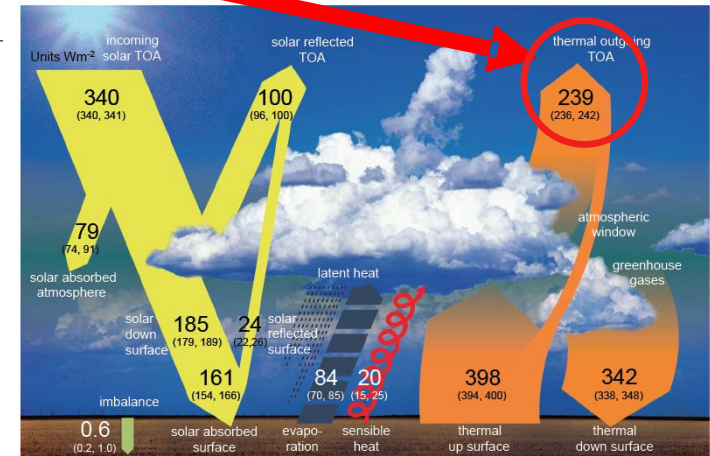
Longwave radiation budgets in CMIP5 GCMs

Outgoing longwave radiation top of atmosphere



Multimodel mean **238 Wm⁻²**
 Model range: **12 Wm⁻²**
 Standard dev.: **2.9 Wm⁻²**

Reference Satellite Value
 (CERES EBAF): **239 Wm⁻²**

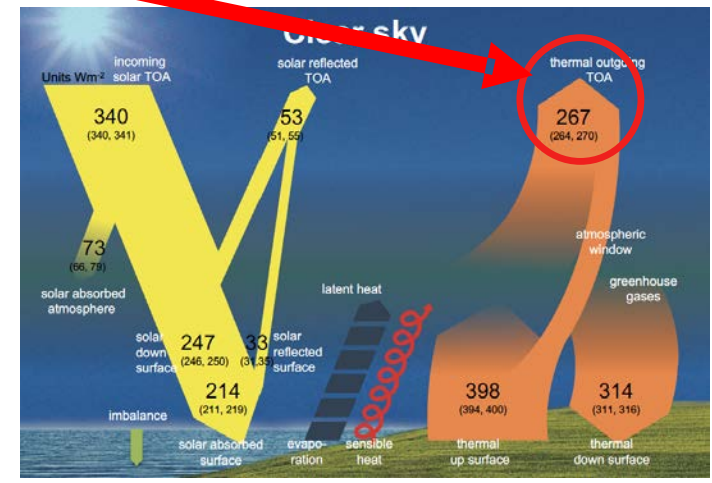
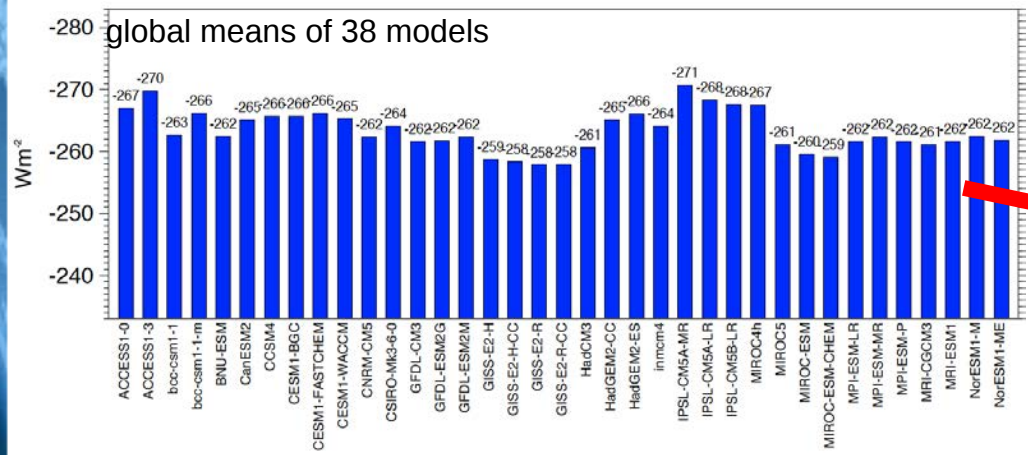


Longwave radiation budgets in CMIP5 GCMs

Outgoing longwave radiation top of atmosphere cloud free

Multimodel mean **263 Wm⁻²**
 Model range: **13 Wm⁻²**
 Standard dev.: **3.3 Wm⁻²**

Reference Satellite Value
 (CERES EBAF): **267 Wm⁻²**

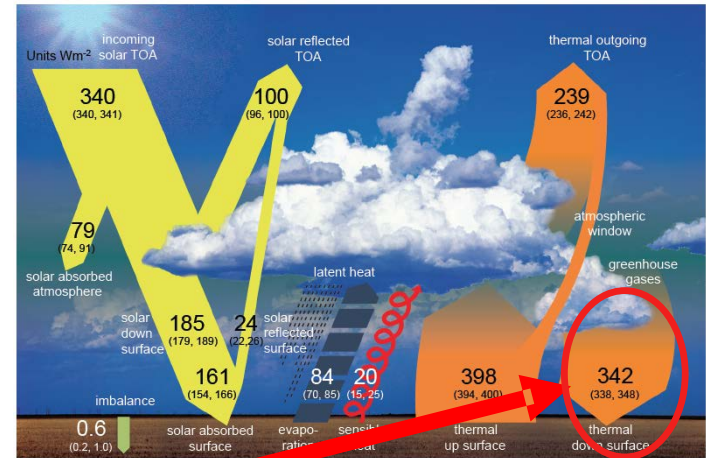
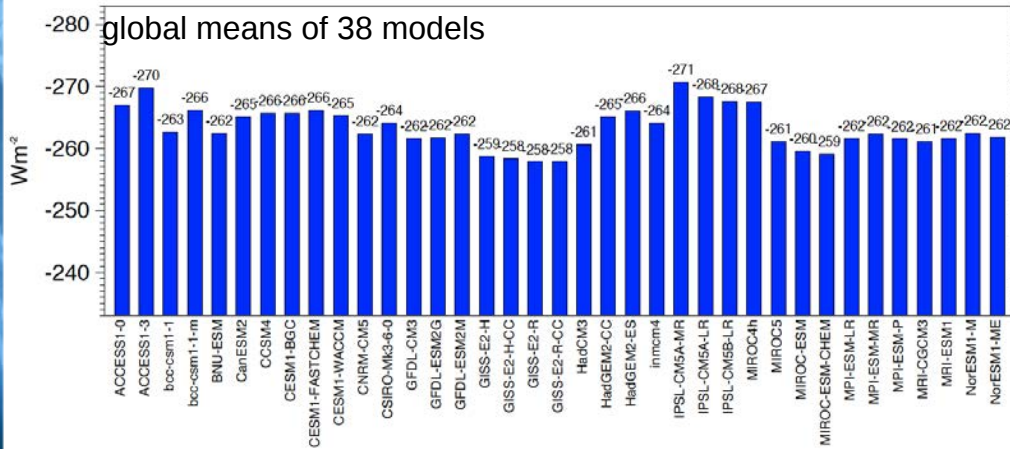


Longwave radiation budgets in CMIP5 GCMs

Outgoing longwave radiation top of atmosphere cloud free

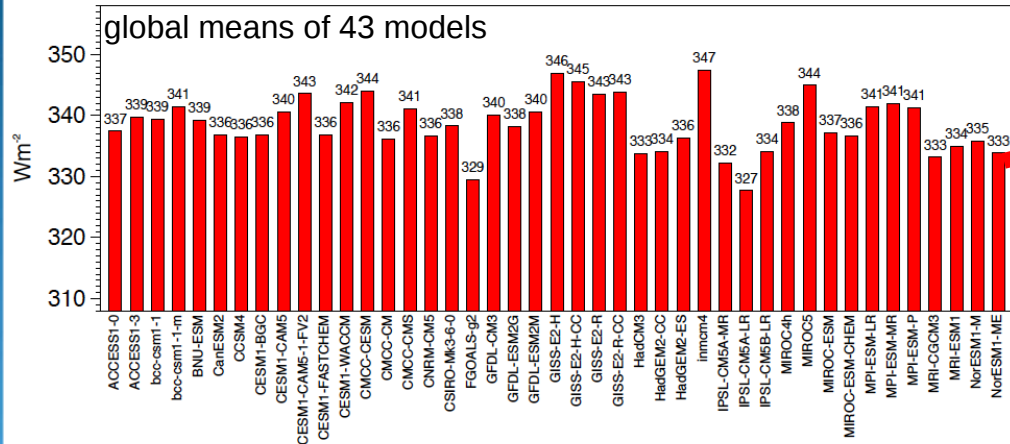
Multimodel mean **263 Wm⁻²**
 Model range: **13 Wm⁻²**
 Standard dev.: **3.3 Wm⁻²**

Reference Satellite Value
 (CERES EBAF): **267 Wm⁻²**



Downward longwave radiation surface

Multimodel mean **339 Wm⁻²**
 All model range: **20 Wm⁻²**
 Standard dev.: **4.4 Wm⁻²**

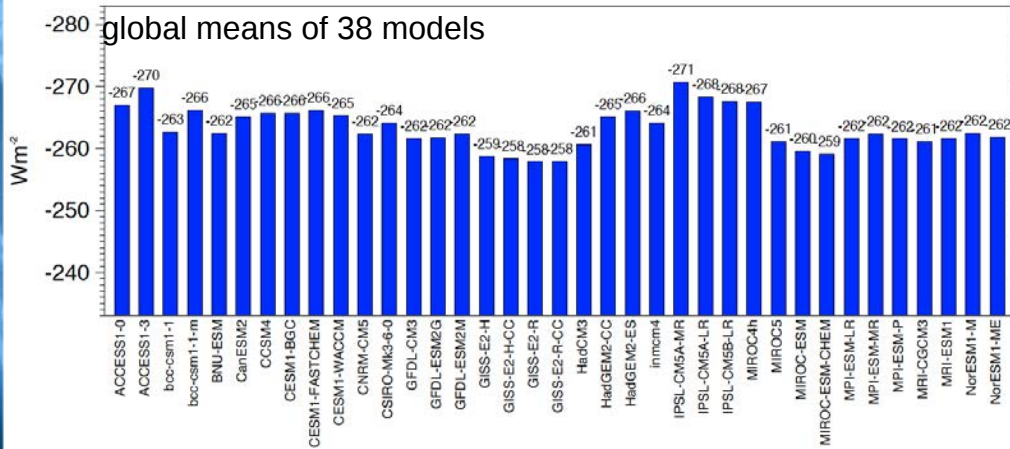


Longwave radiation budgets in CMIP5 GCMs

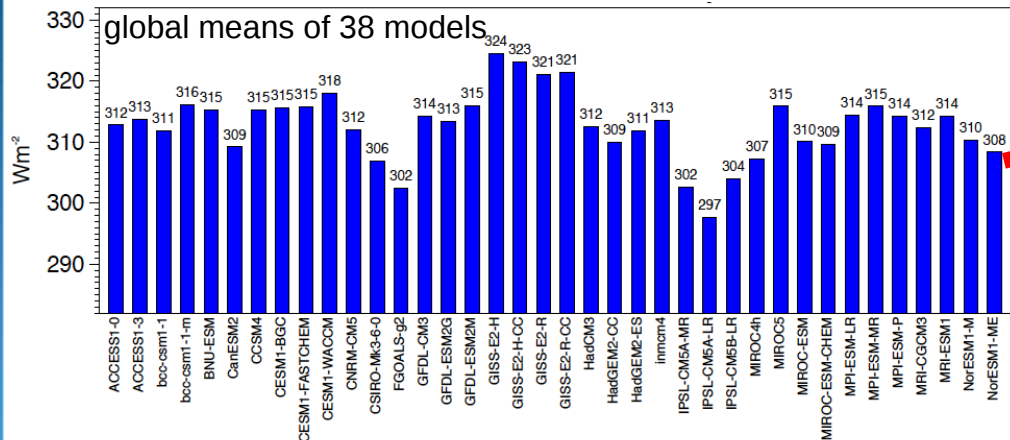
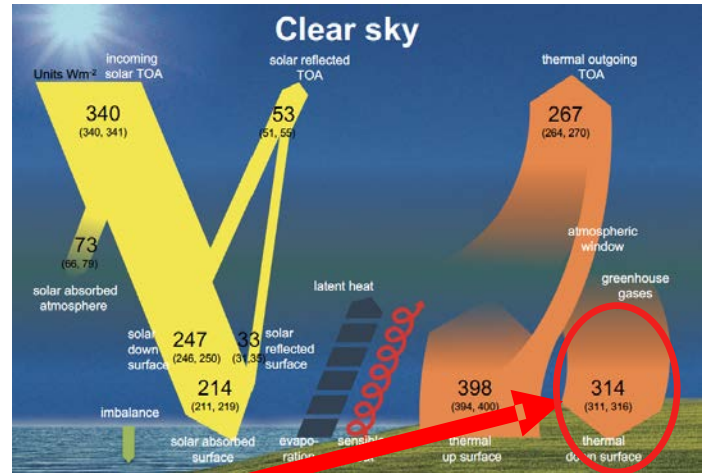
Outgoing longwave radiation top of atmosphere cloud free

Multimodel mean **263 Wm⁻²**
 Model range: **13 Wm⁻²**
 Standard dev.: **3.3 Wm⁻²**

Reference Satellite Value
 (CERES EBAF): **267 Wm⁻²**

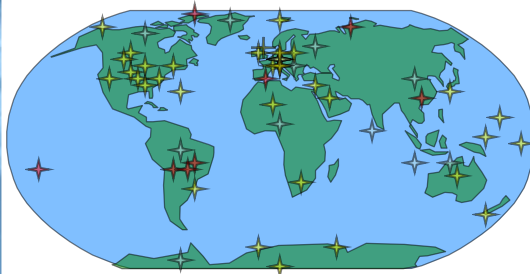


Downward longwave radiation surface cloud free



Multimodel mean **313 Wm⁻²**
 All sky model range: **27 Wm⁻²**
 Standard dev.: **5.6 Wm⁻²**

Constraints from surface observations



Ohmura et al. 1998



BSRN site Payerne

ets in

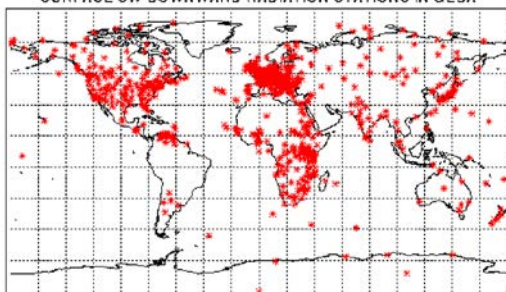
GEBA
at more

BSRN Baseline Surface Radiation Network

- WCRP initiative, starting in 1992
- Highest measurement quality at selected sites worldwide (currently 51 anchor sites)
- Minute values
- Ancillary data for radiation interpretation

GEBA Global Energy Balance Archive

- Worldwide measurements of historic energy fluxes at the surface (2500 sites)
- Solar radiation data at many sites since 1950s, some back to 1930s
- Monthly mean values

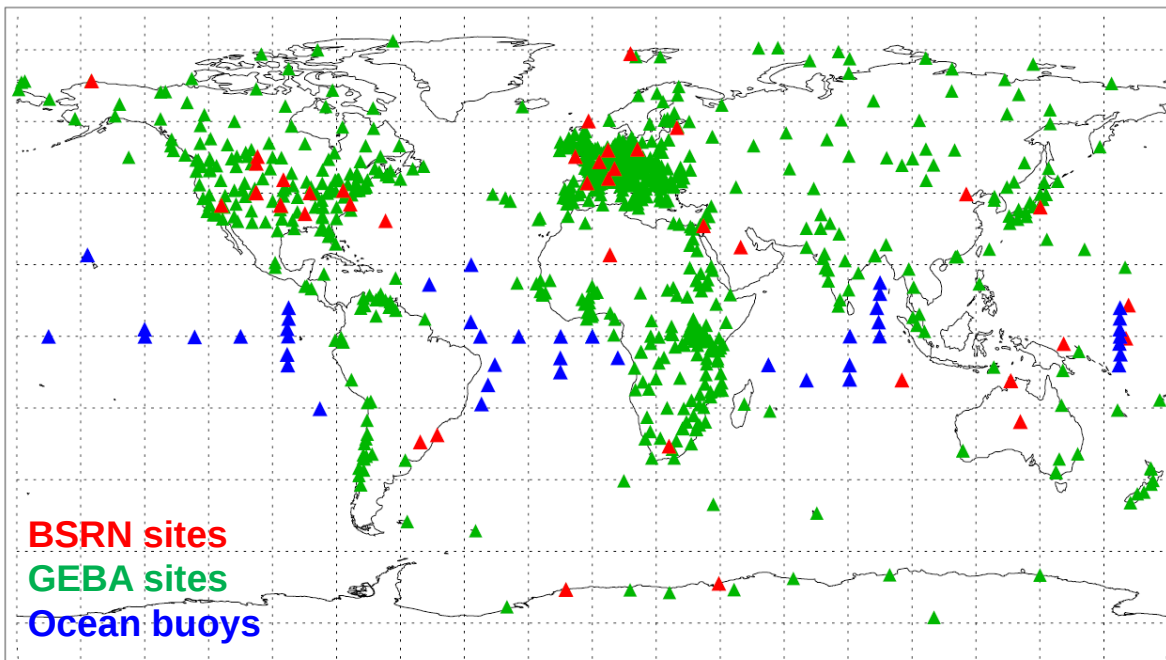


Ohmura, Gilgen, Wild 1989

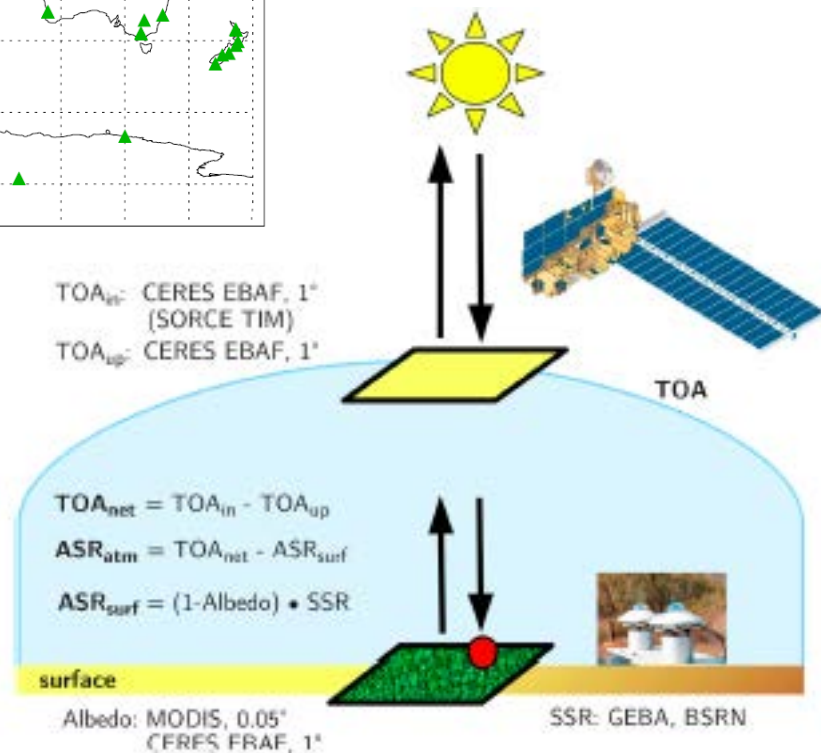
=> allows assessment of the absorption of solar radiation at the surface, within the atmosphere and at the TOA in GCMs .

Constraints from surface and space

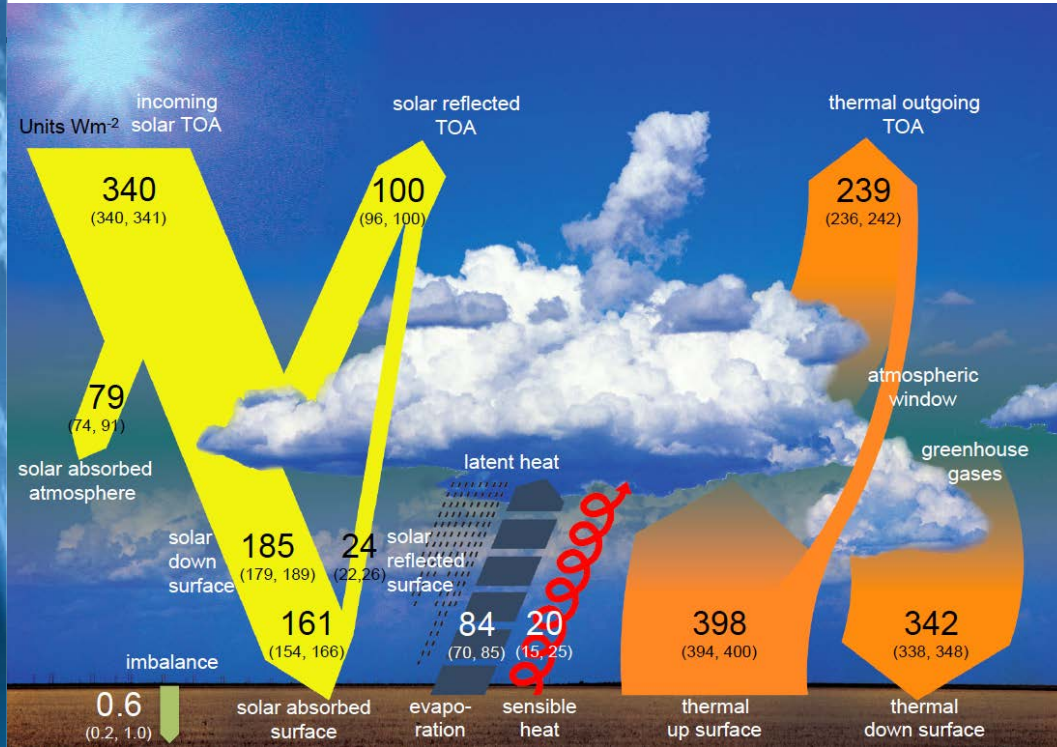
Surface radiation stations with multiyear records



Combing surface and satellite obs to estimate surface, atmosphere and TOA radiation budgets



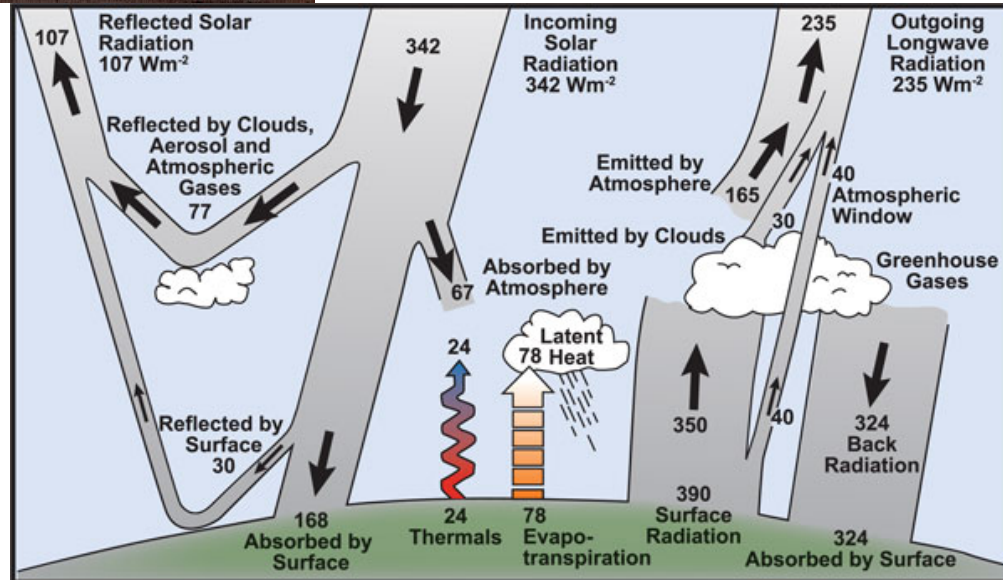
Global Energy Balance in IPCC AR4 and AR5



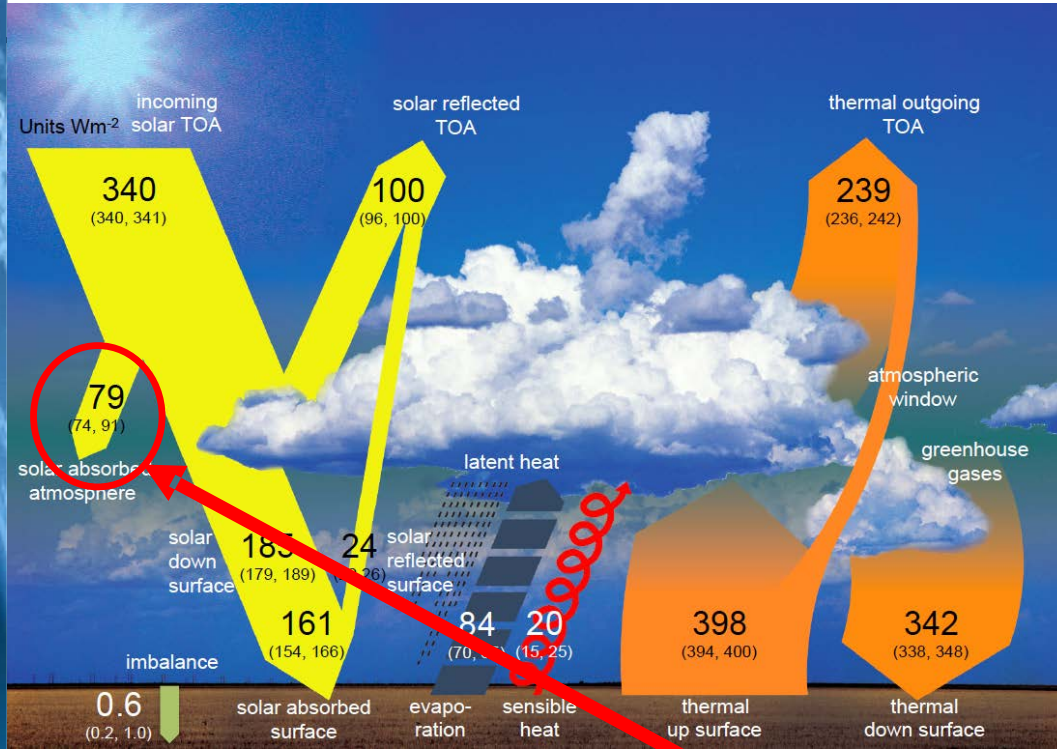
Large changes in surface and atmospheric energy budgets from IPCC AR4 to AR5

IPCC AR5
Wild et al. 2013

IPCC AR3 / AR4
Kiehl & Trenberth (1997)



Global Energy Balance in IPCC AR4 and AR5



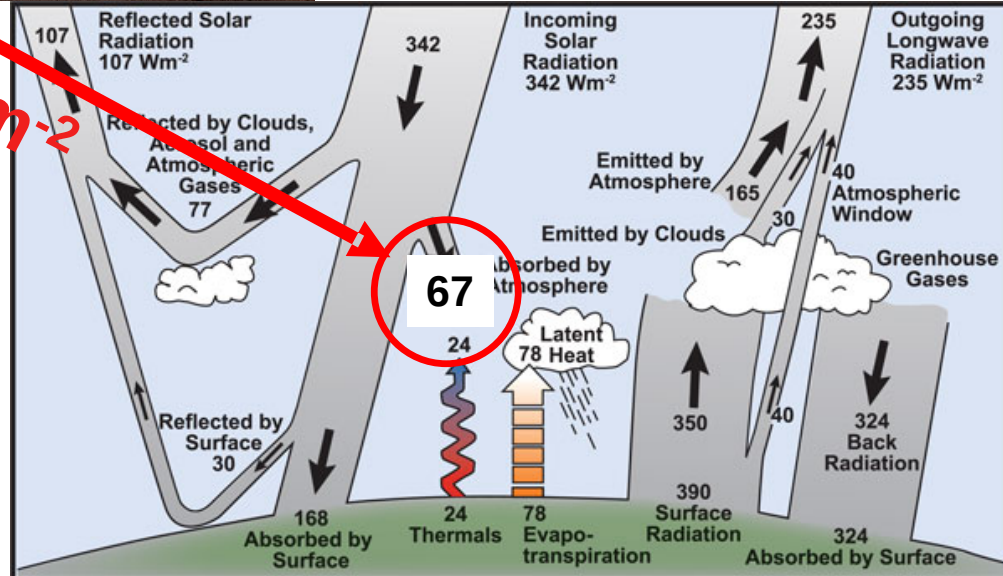
Large changes in surface and atmospheric energy budgets from IPCC AR4 to AR5

348

IPCC AR5

Wild et al. 2013

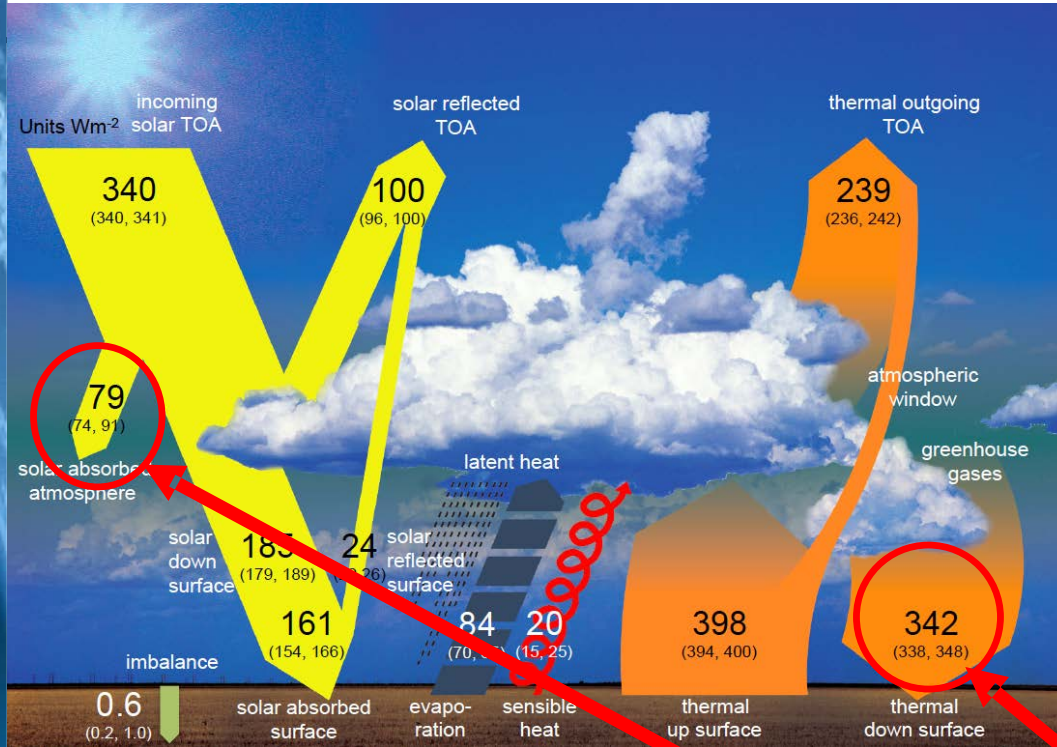
12 Wm⁻²



IPCC AR3 / AR4

Kiehl & Trenberth (1997)

Global Energy Balance in IPCC AR4 and AR5

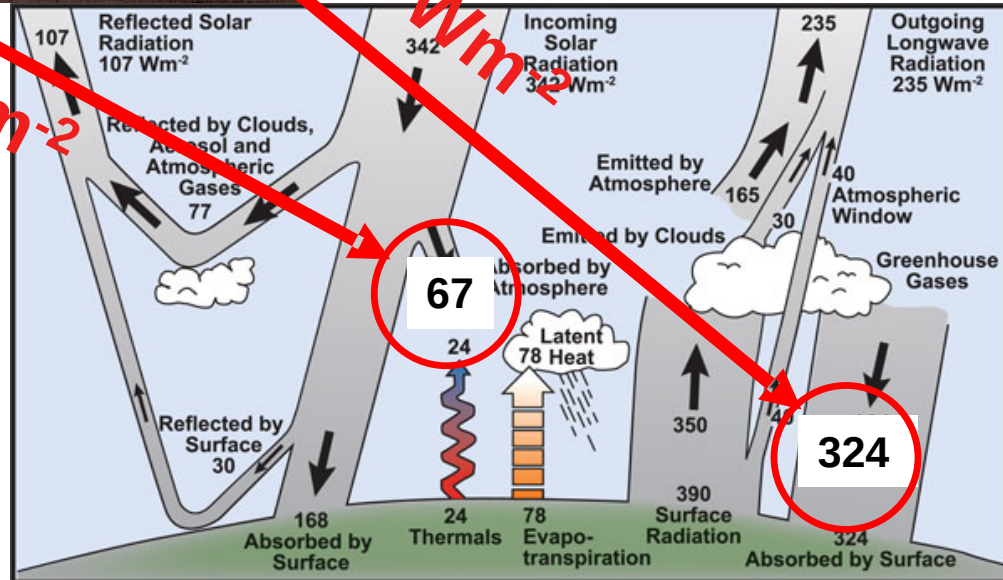


Large changes in surface and atmospheric energy budgets from IPCC AR4 to AR5

348

IPCC AR5
Wild et al. 2013

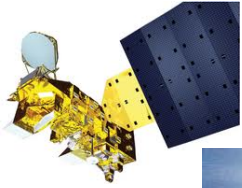
IPCC AR3 / AR4
Kiehl & Trenberth (1997)



$12 Wm^{-2}$

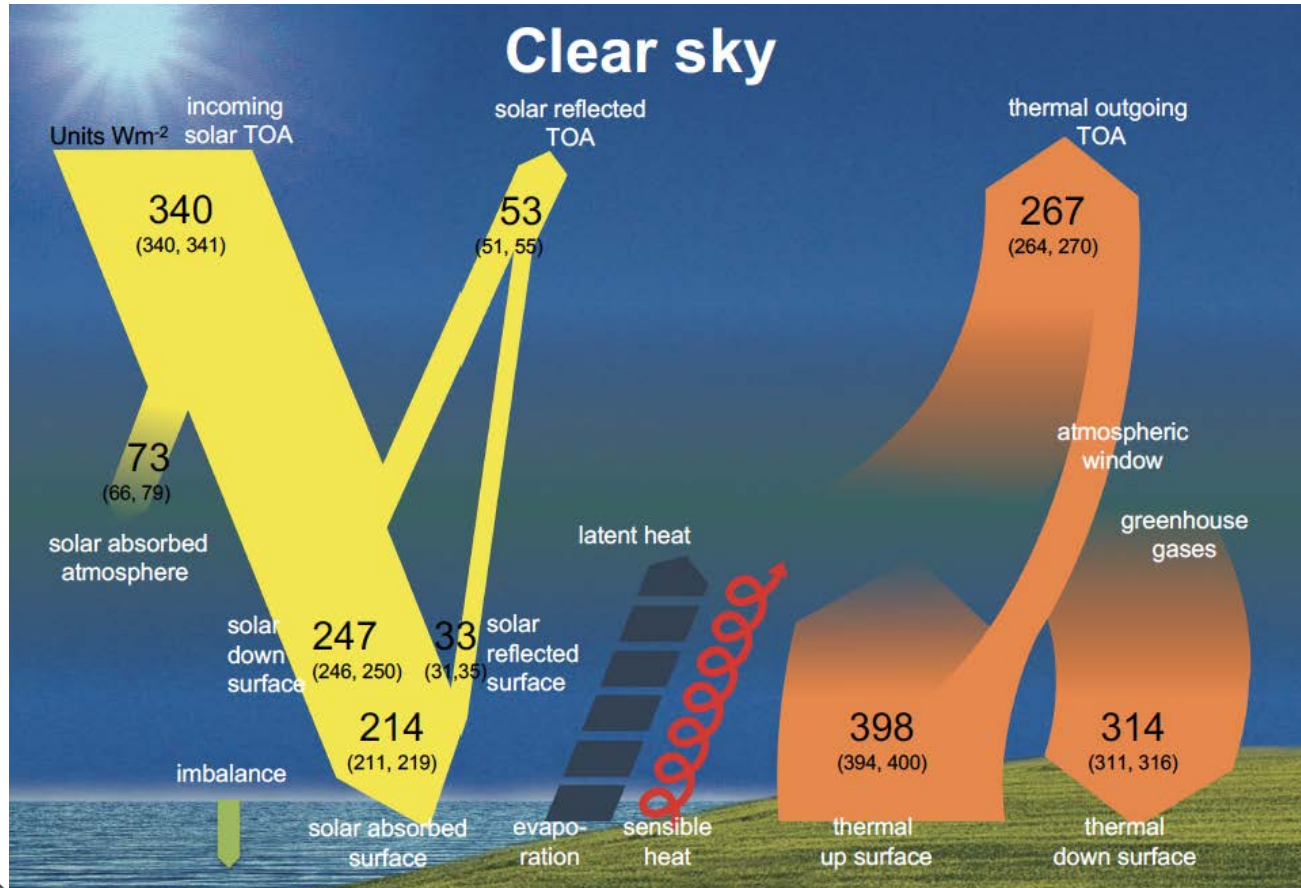
$18 Wm^{-2}$

Earth Radiation Budget without clouds



TOA fluxes from CERES satellite obs

Units Wm^{-2}

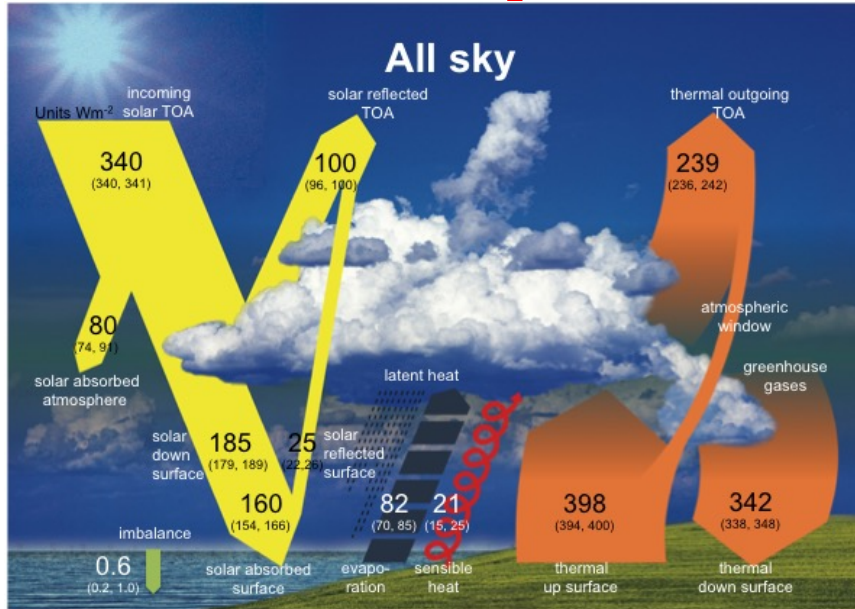


Surface clear-sky fluxes from BSRN obs



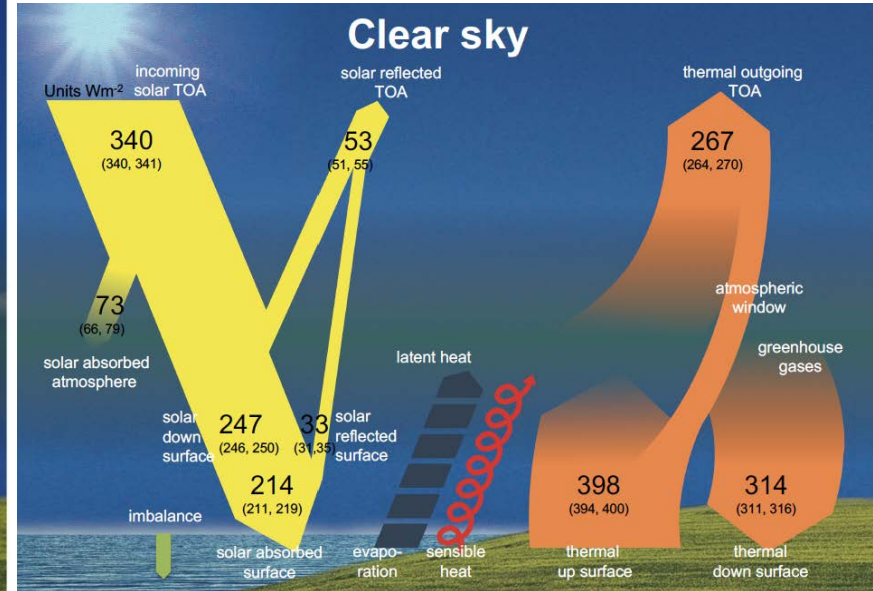
Cloud radiative effects (CRE)

All sky



Wild et al 2015 Clim. Dyn.

Clear sky



Wild et al 2018 Clim. Dyn.

Units Wm^{-2}	SW CRE	LW CRE	Net CRE
TOA	-47	28	-19
Atmosphere	7	0	7
Surface	-54	28	-26
TOA CMIP5	-49	25	-24

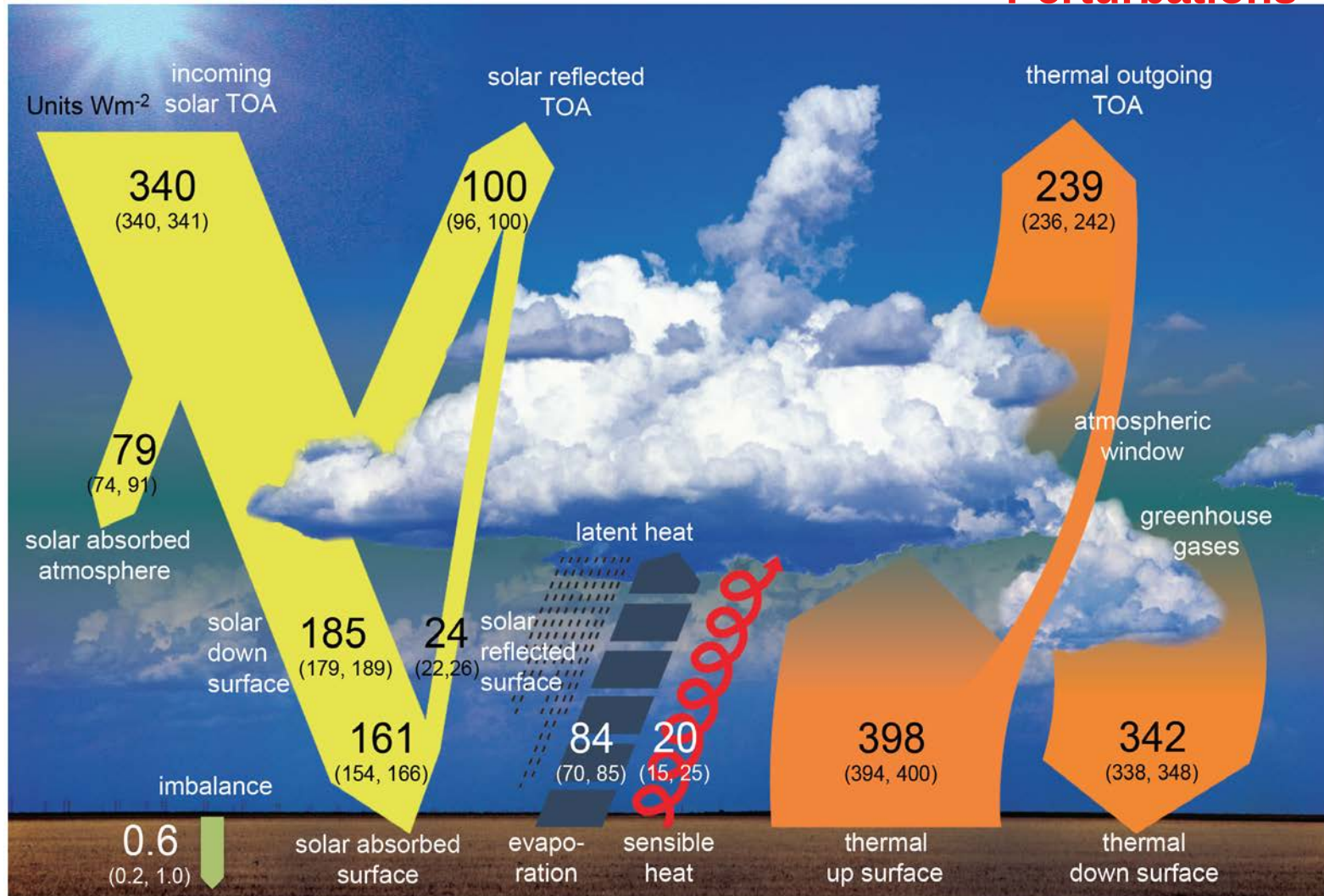
Wild et al. 2018, Clim. Dyn.

Part 2: Temporal changes in Energy Balance components

Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

Anthropogenic Perturbations

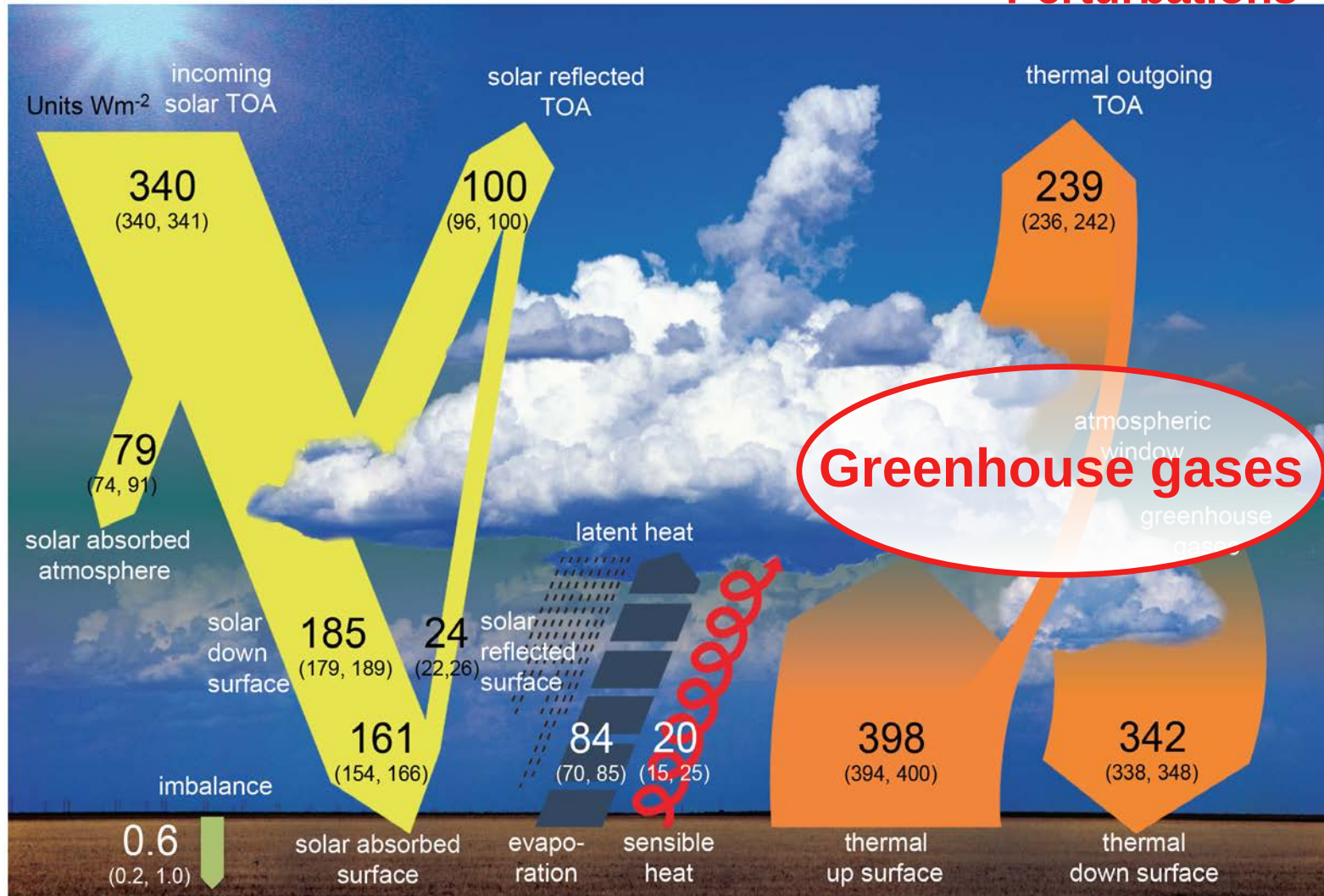
Units Wm^{-2}



Earth Energy Balance: **temporal changes**

Units Wm^{-2}

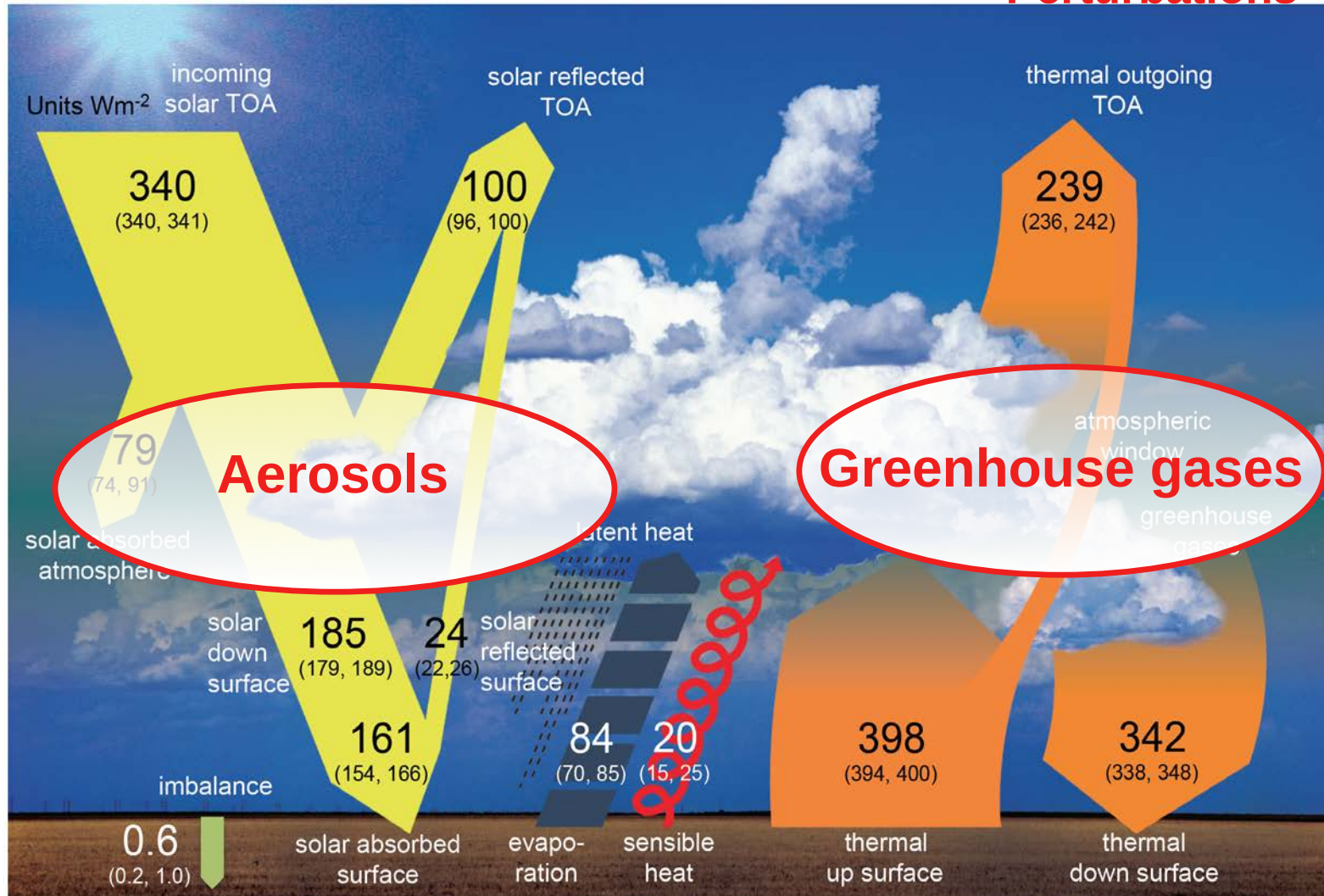
**Anthropogenic
Perturbations**



Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

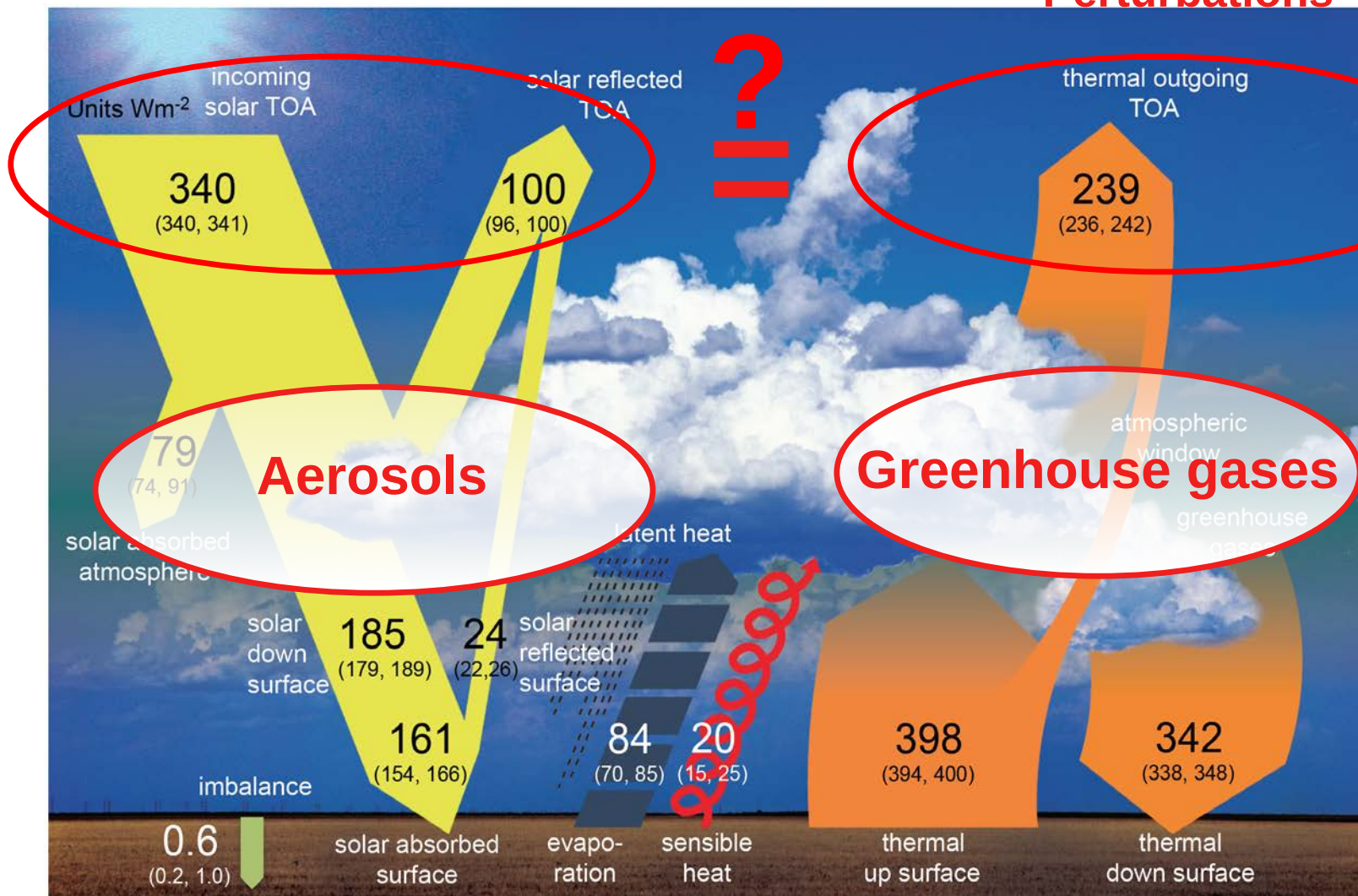
Units Wm^{-2}

Anthropogenic
Perturbations



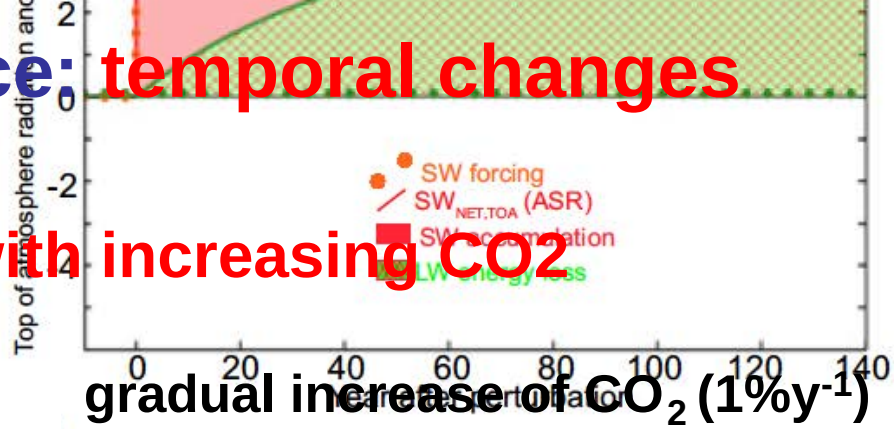
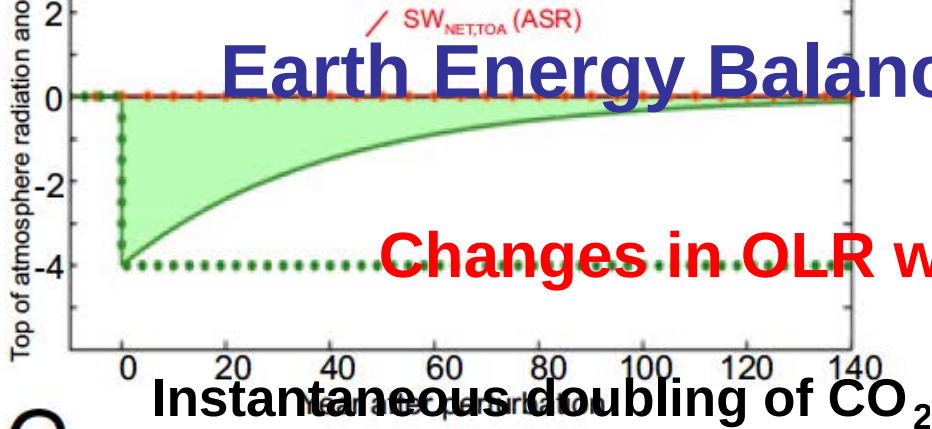
Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

Anthropogenic Perturbations

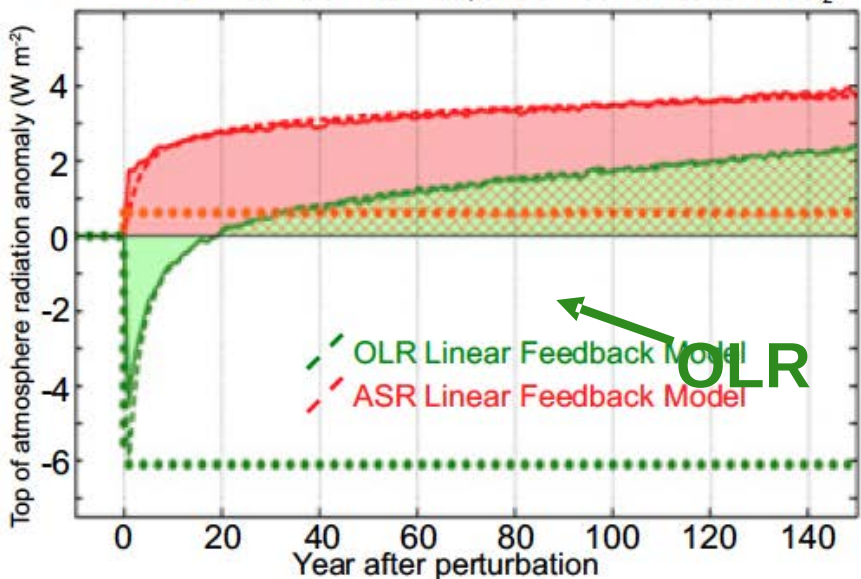


Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

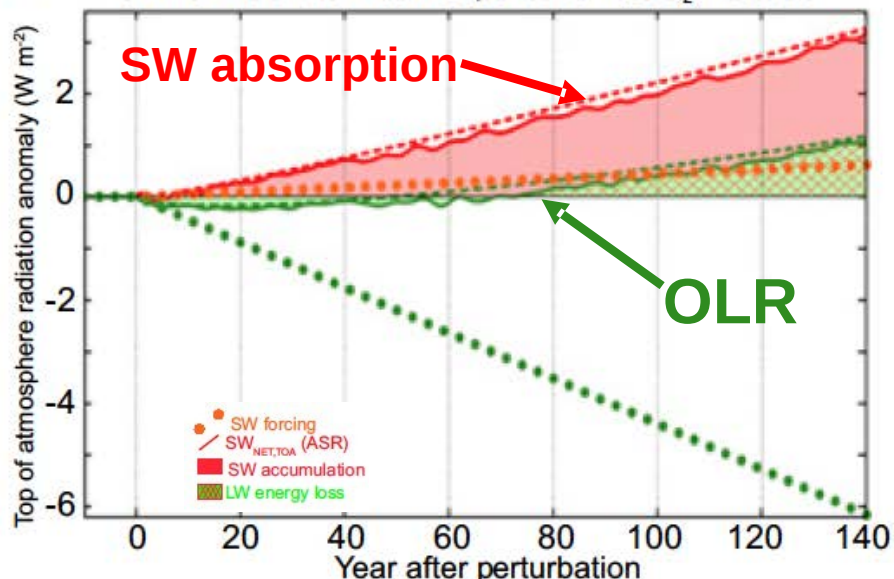
Changes in OLR with increasing CO₂



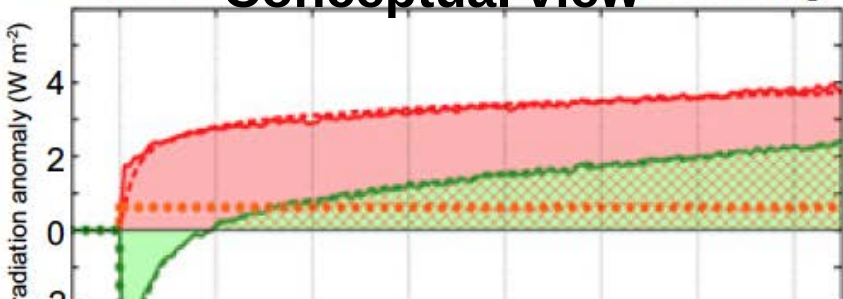
C IIP5 Ensemble mean response instantaneous 4xCO₂



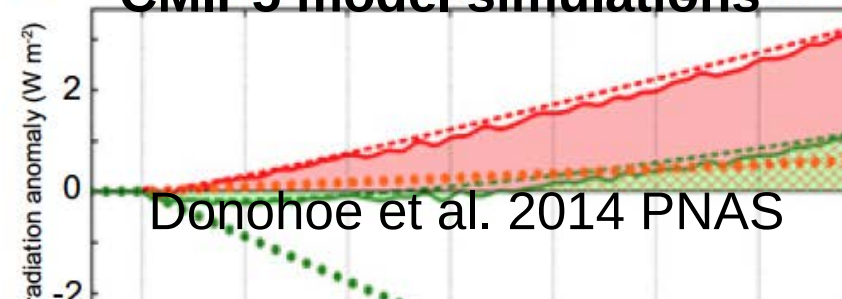
CMIP5 Ensemble mean response to 1%CO₂ increase



Conceptual view
CMIP5 Ensemble mean response instantaneous 4xCO₂

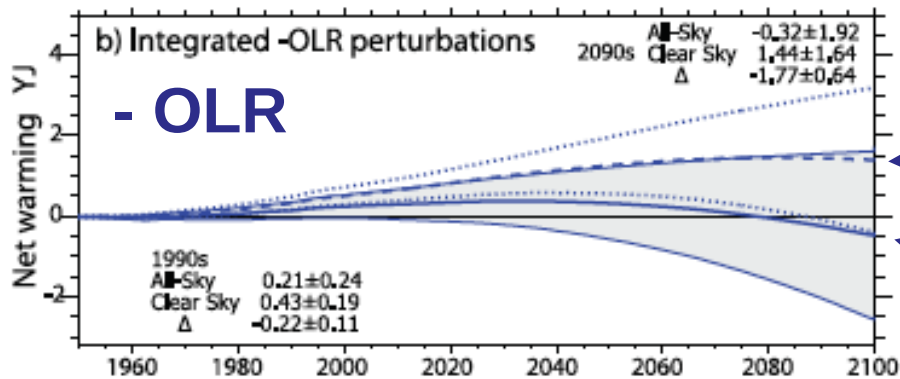
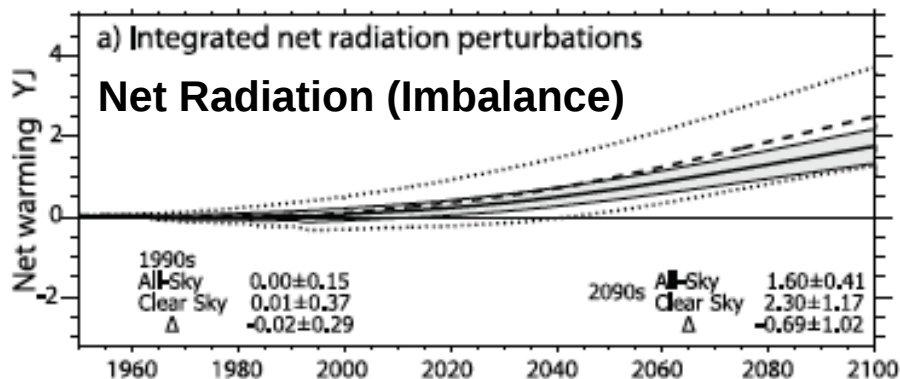


D CMIP5 model response to 1% CO₂ increase



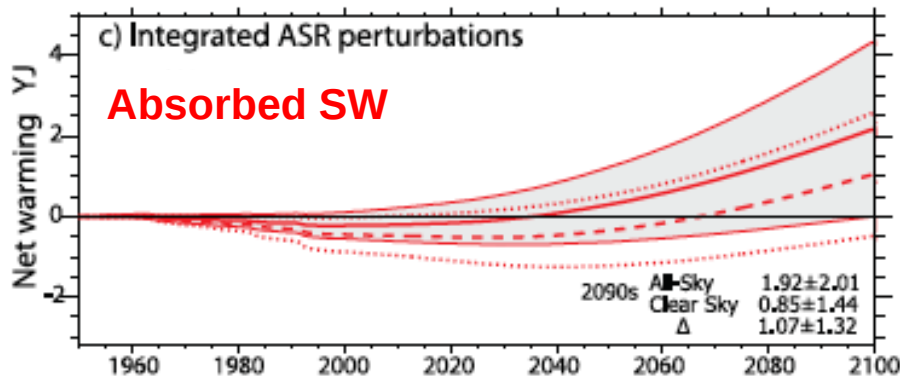
Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

Changes in TOA radiation with increasing CO2



clear sky OLR
all sky OLR

Increase
Decrease
in OLR

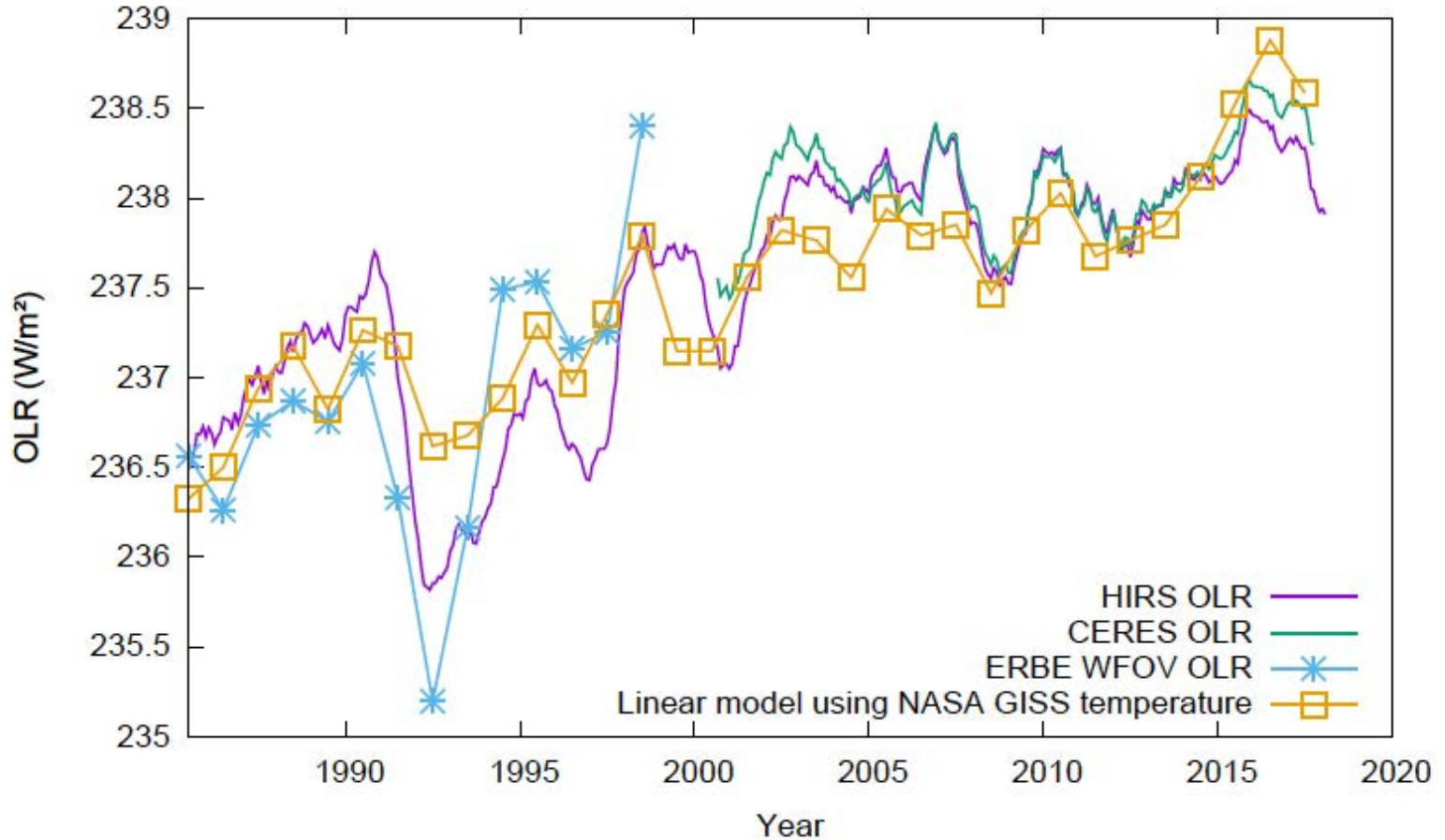


Scenario A1B, 24 CMIP3 models

Trenberth and Fasullo 2009

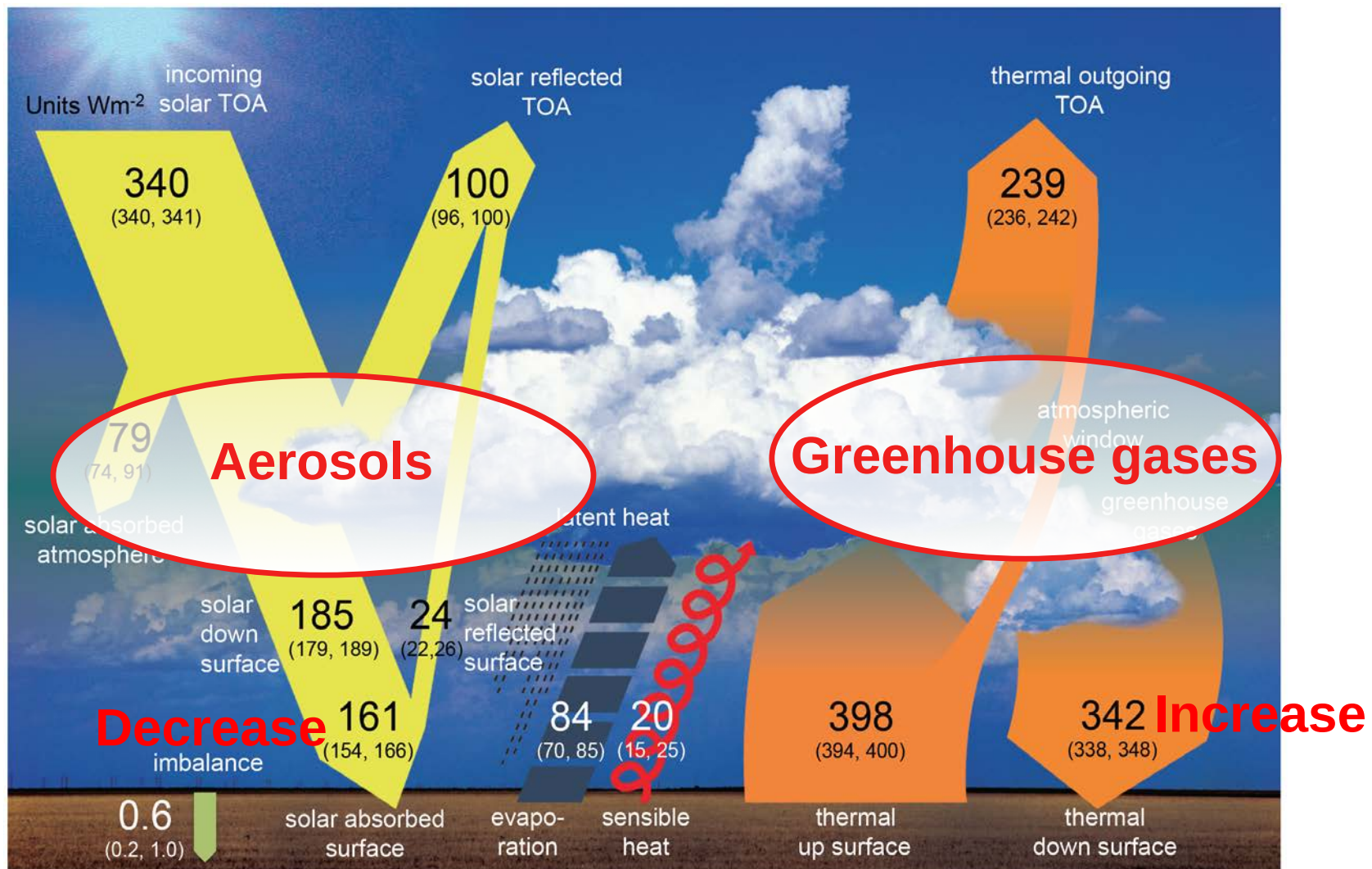
Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

Observed changes in OLR 1985-2016



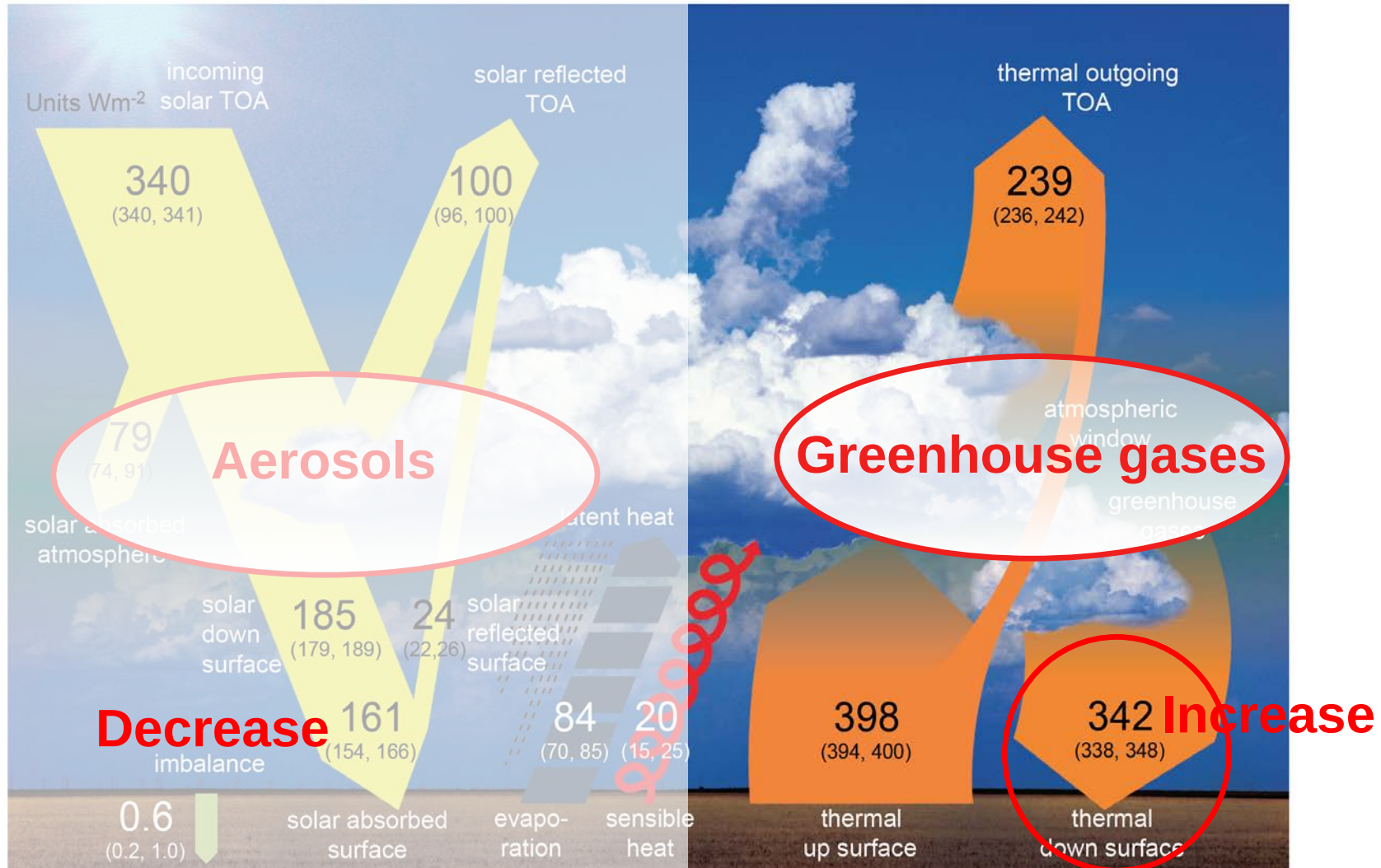
Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

Decadal changes at the Earth's surface



Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

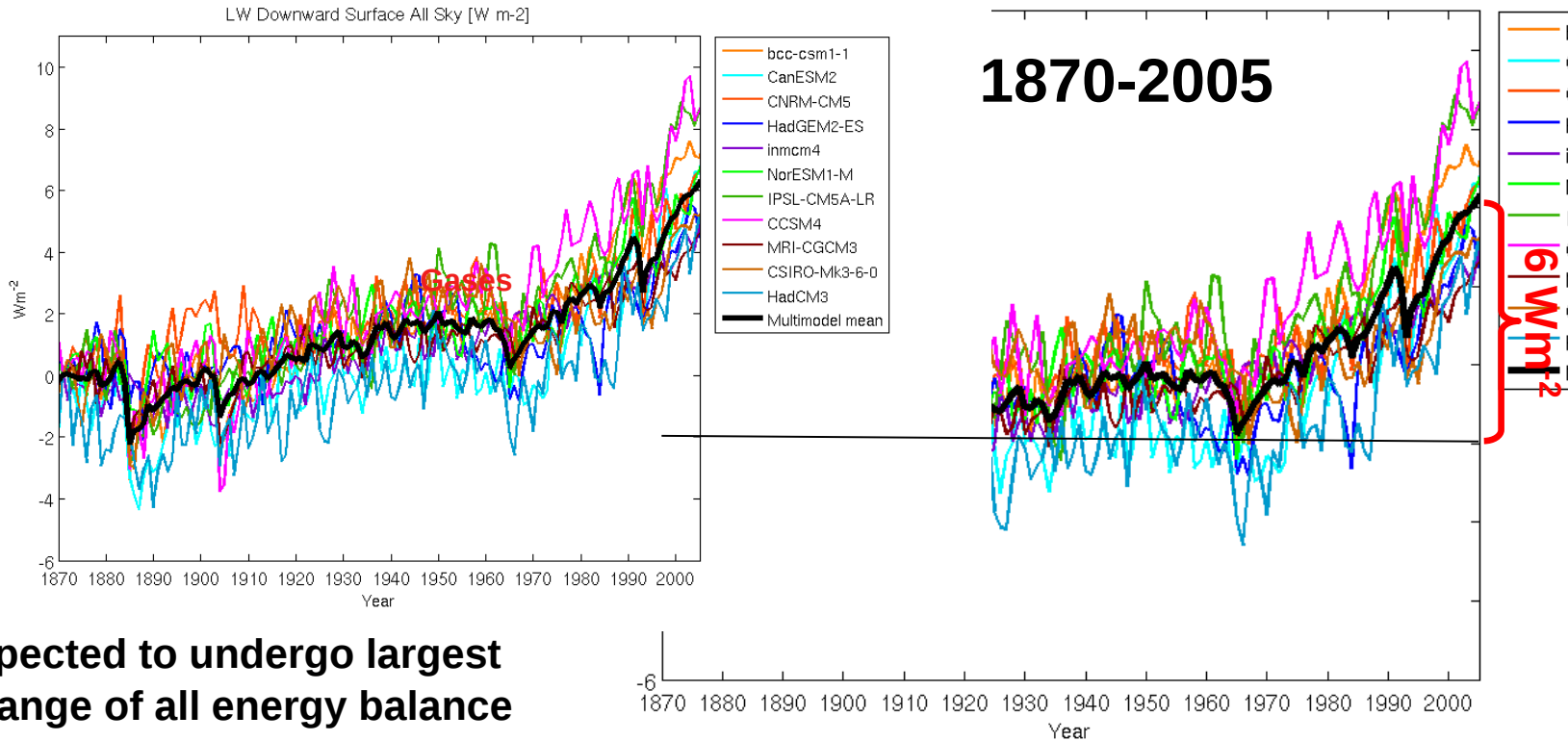
Decadal changes at the Earth's surface



Greenhouse effect at Earth's surface

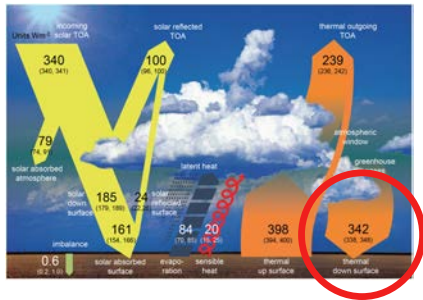
Changes in downward longwave radiation

Downward longwave radiation in CMIP5 models

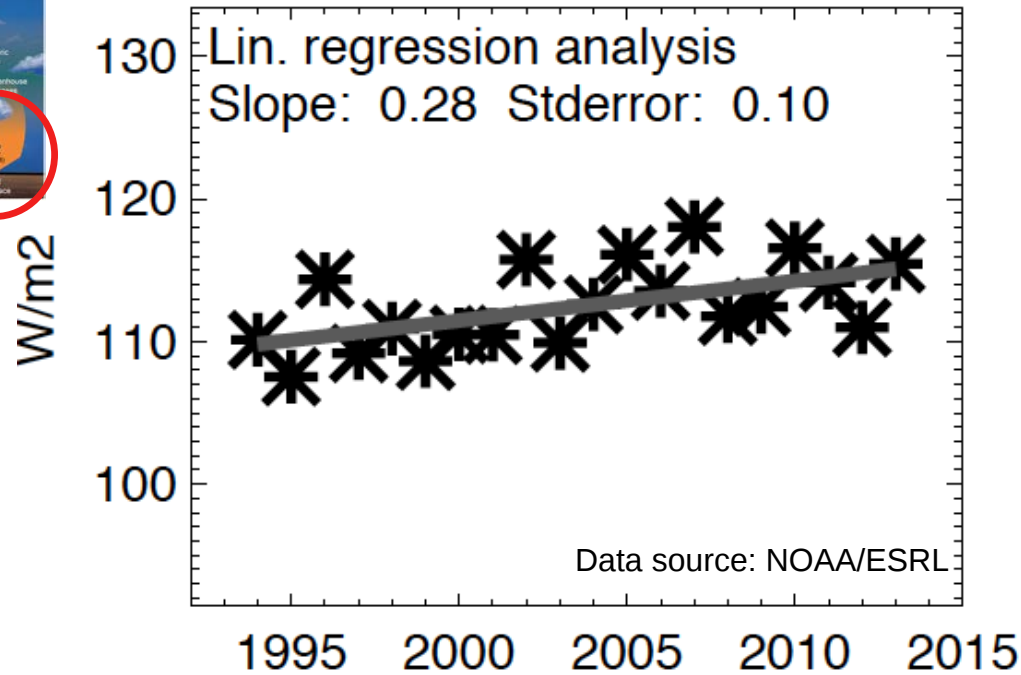


- expected to undergo largest change of all energy balance components in coming decades
- CMIP5 models suggest increase of 6 W m^{-2} since 1870
- Only monitored since the initiation of BSRN early 1990s

Observed changes downward longwave radiation



LW down South Pole since 1994



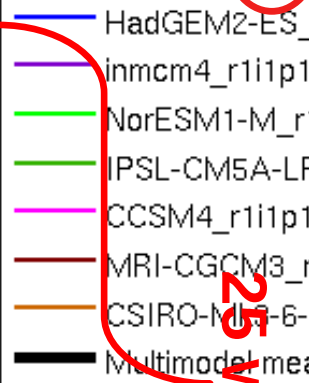
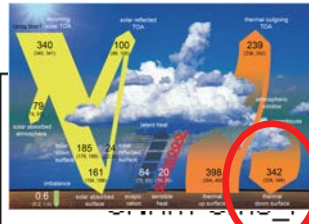
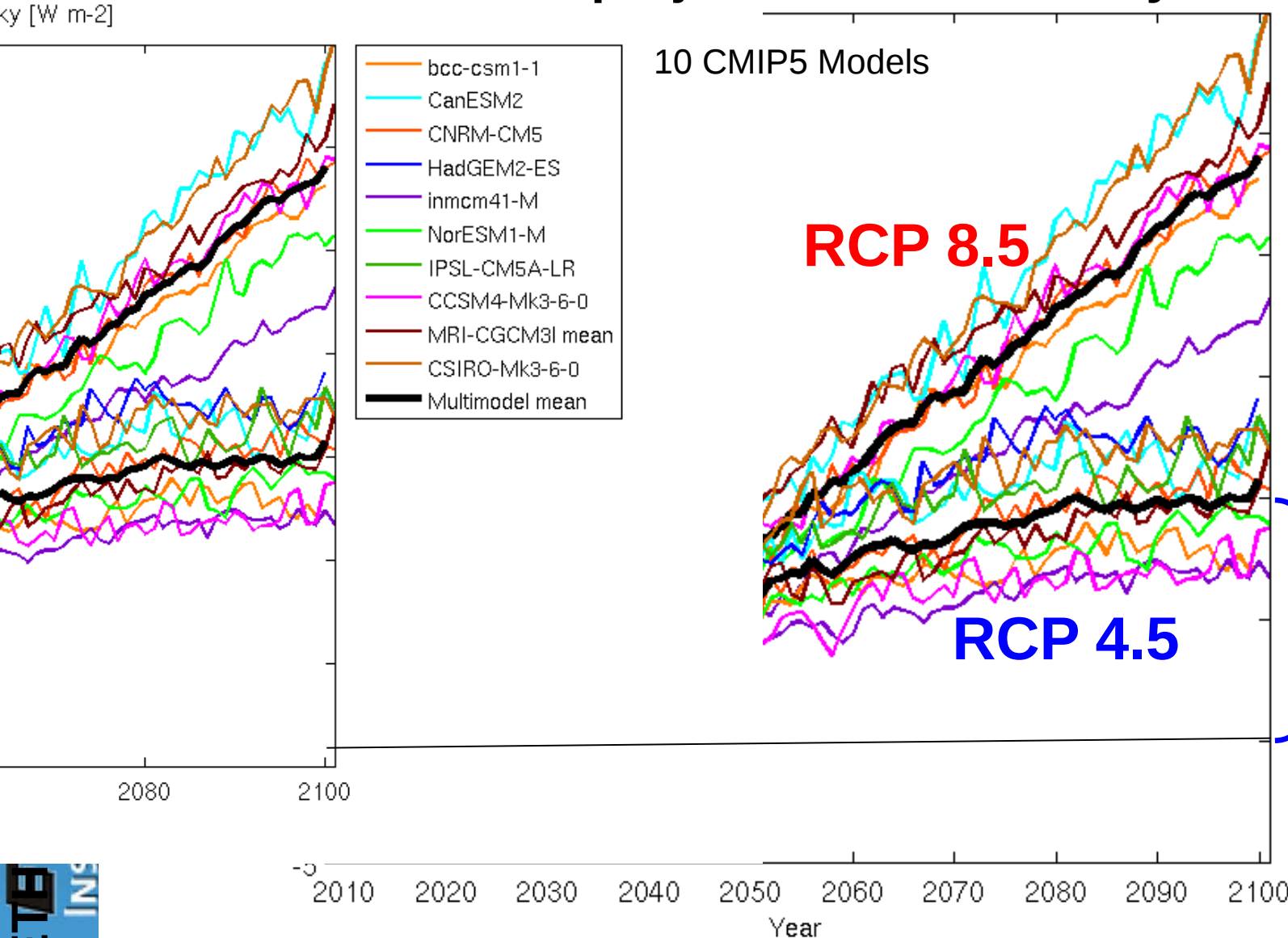
Observed changes at BSRN sites since early 1990s:

25 longest BSRN records (totally 353 years): **+2.0 Wm⁻²dec⁻¹**

- cf. Philipona et al. (2009): **+ 2.4-2.7 Wm⁻²dec⁻¹** (Europe, 1981-2005)
- Wang and Liang (2009): **+ 2.2 Wm⁻²dec⁻¹** (1973-2008)
- Wild et al. (2008): **+ 2.6 Wm⁻²dec⁻¹** (BSRN sites 1990s)
- Prata (2008): **+ 1.7 Wm⁻²dec⁻¹** (clear sky, 1964-1990)

Future changes in downward longwave radiation

CMIP5 projections 21st century

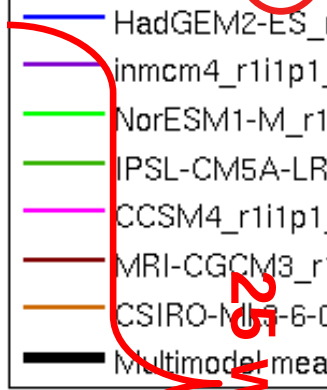
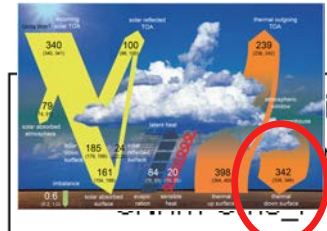
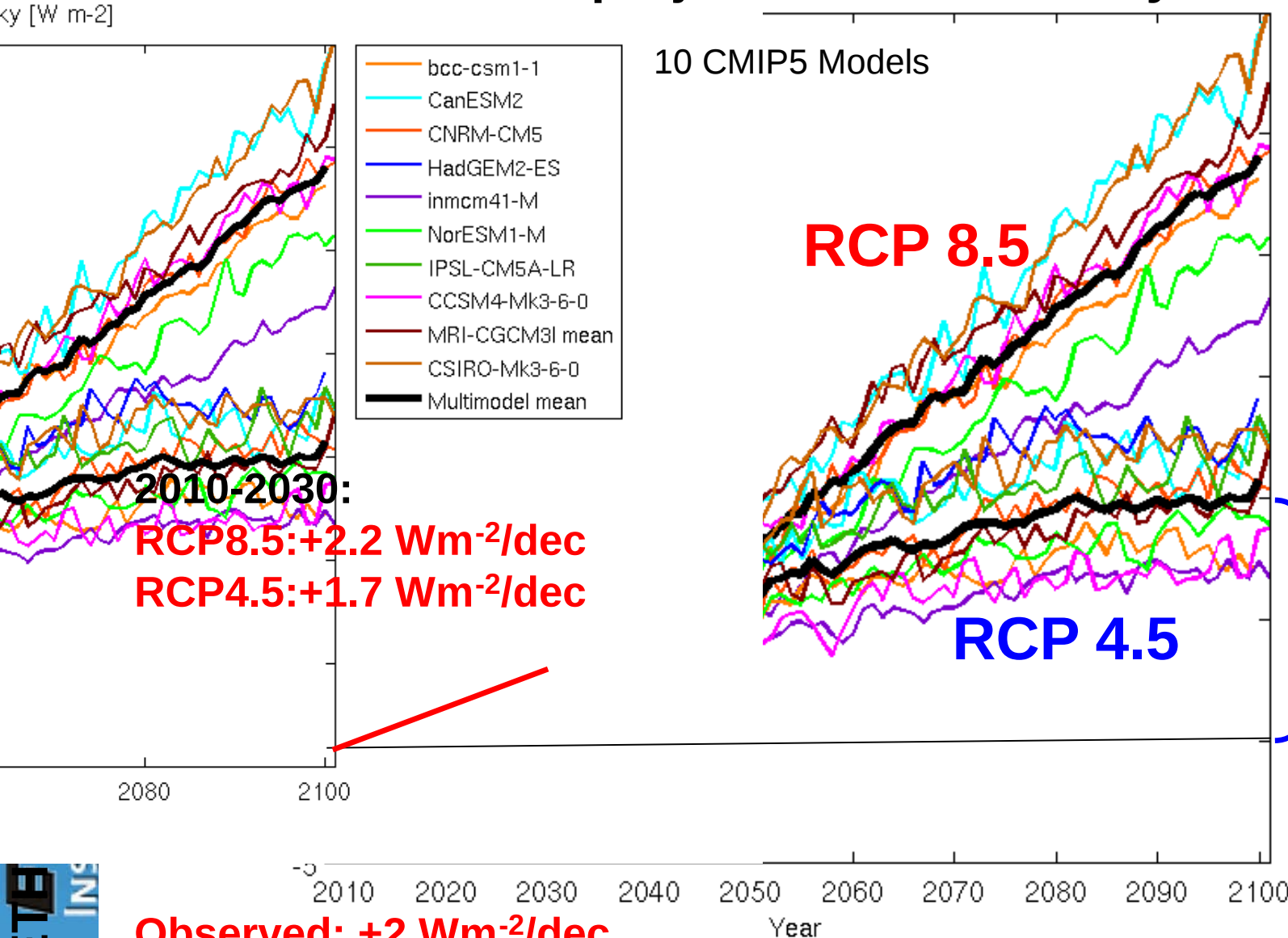


25 Wm⁻²

10 Wm⁻²

Future changes in downward longwave radiation

CMIP5 projections 21st century



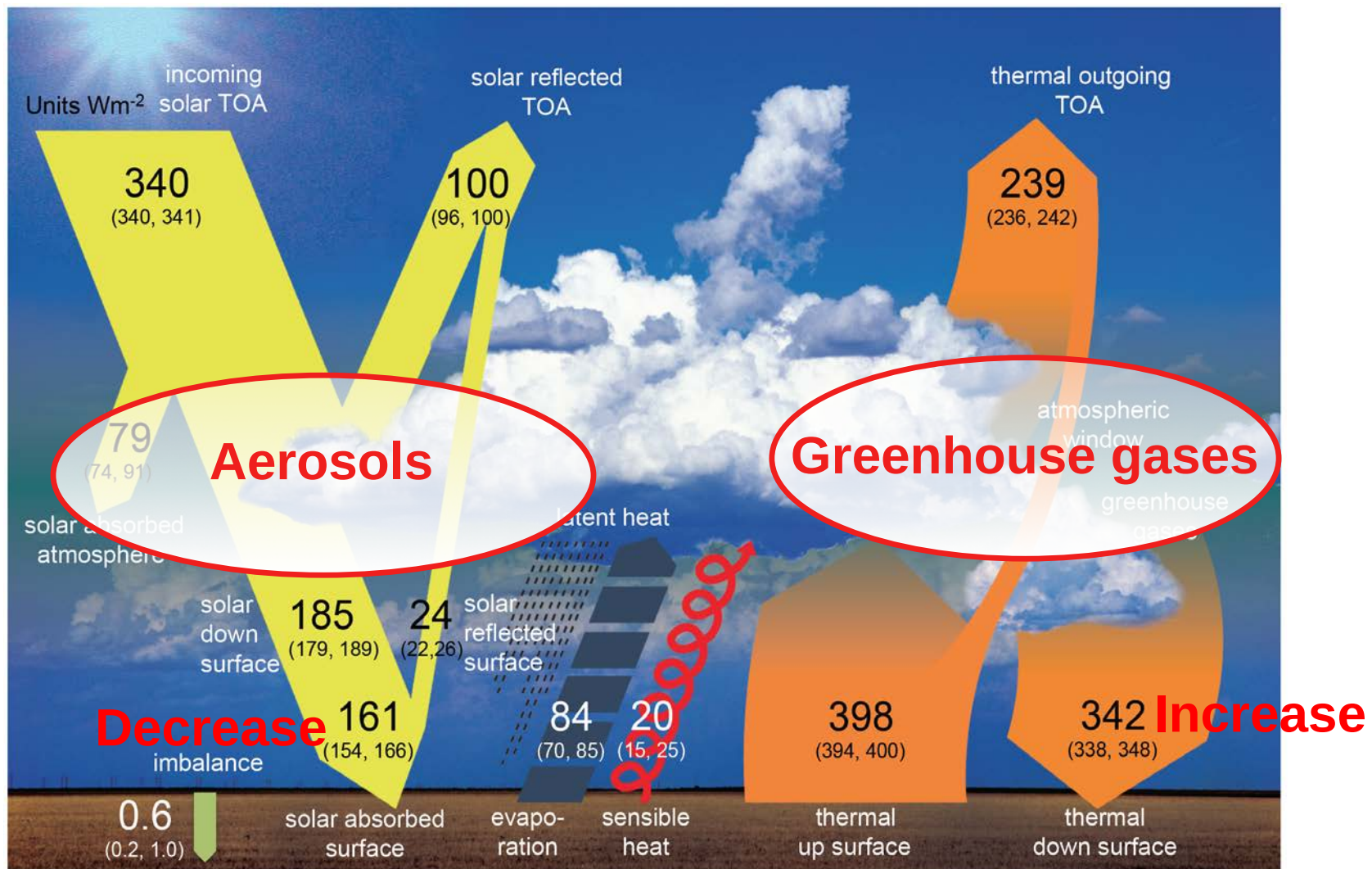
25 Wm⁻²

10 Wm⁻²

Observed: +2 Wm⁻²/dec

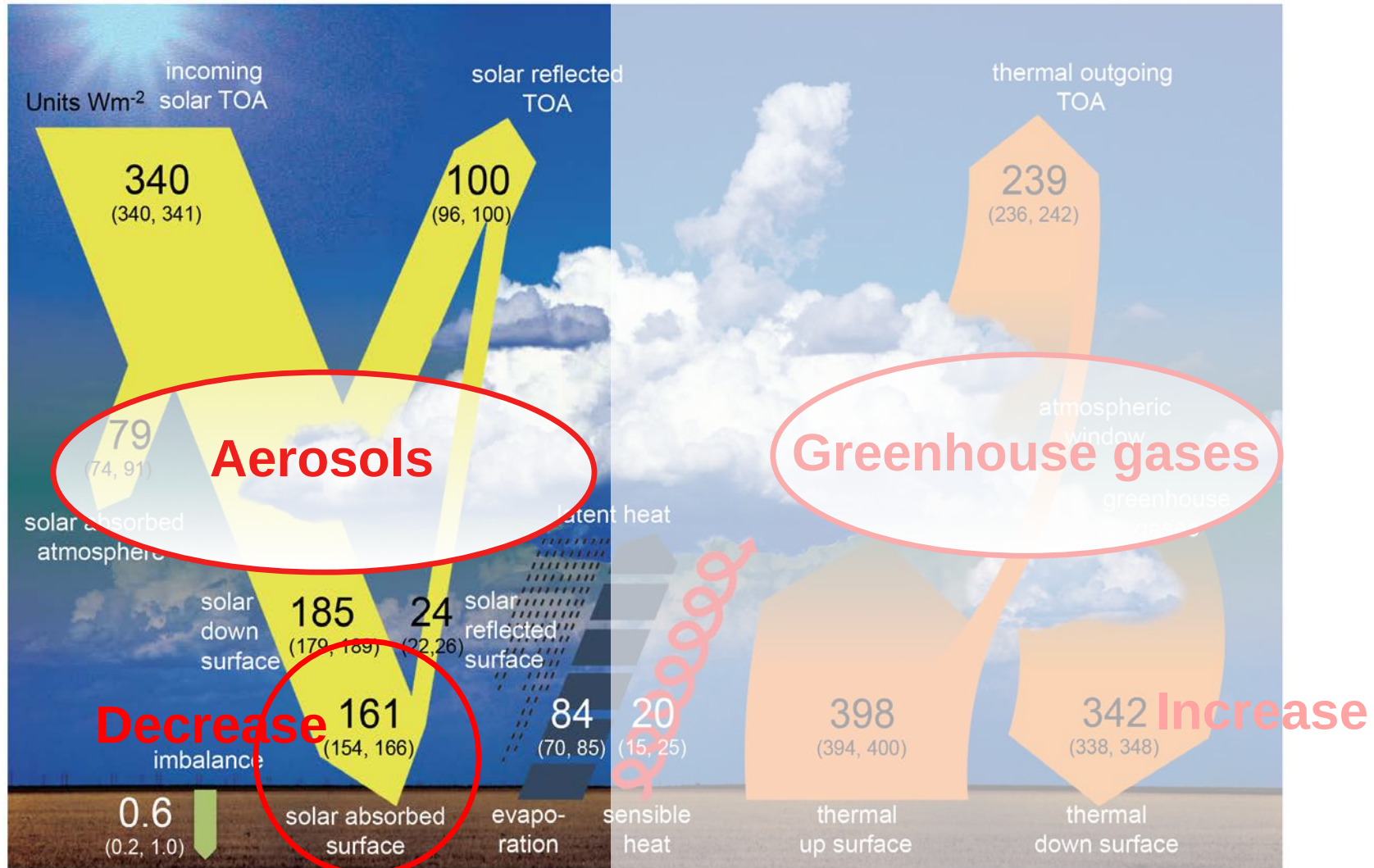
Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

Decadal changes at the Earth's surface



Earth Energy Balance: temporal changes

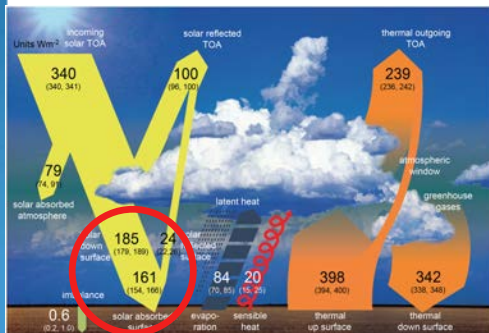
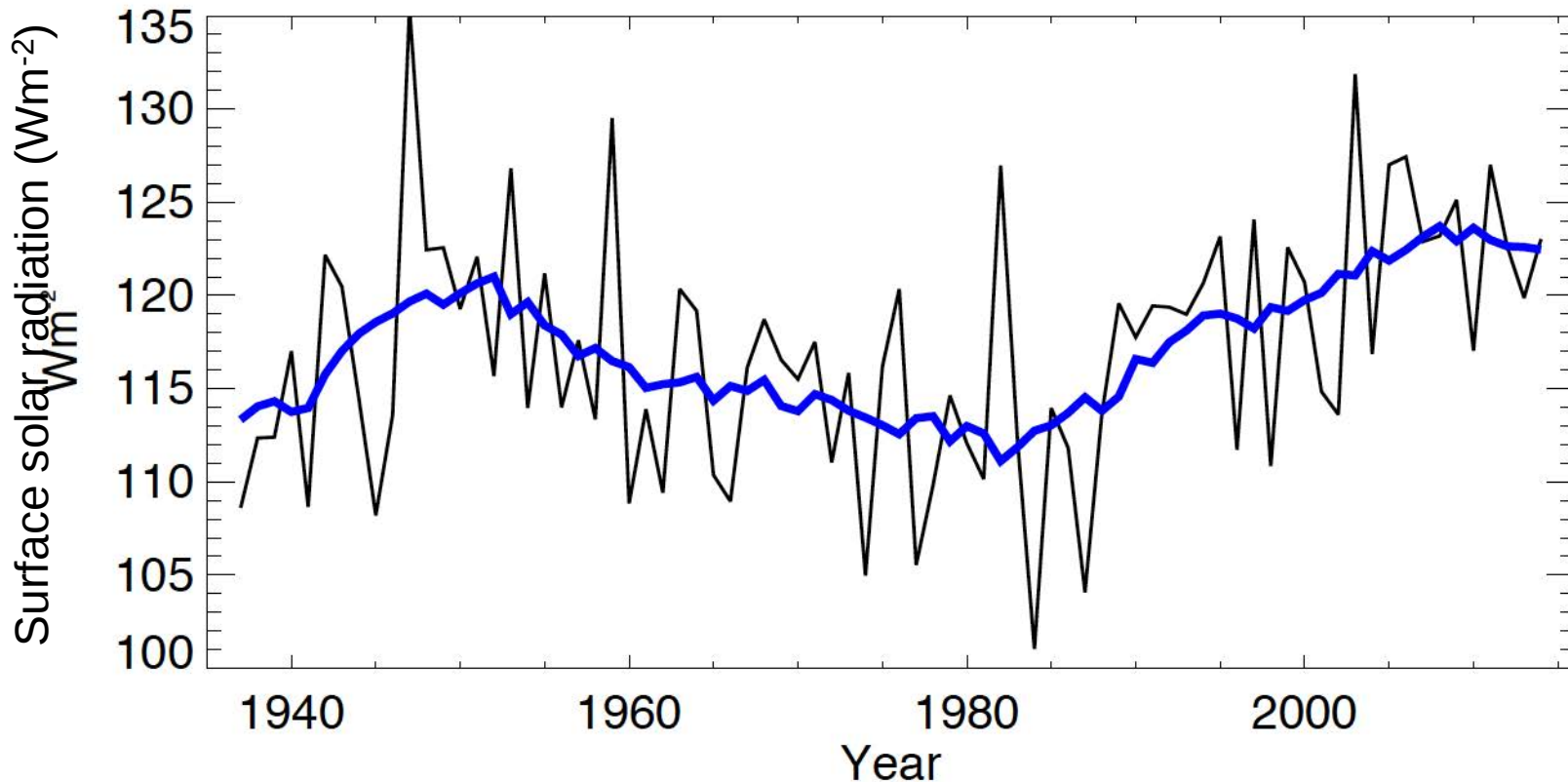
Decadal changes at the Earth's surface



Solar radiation at Earth's surface

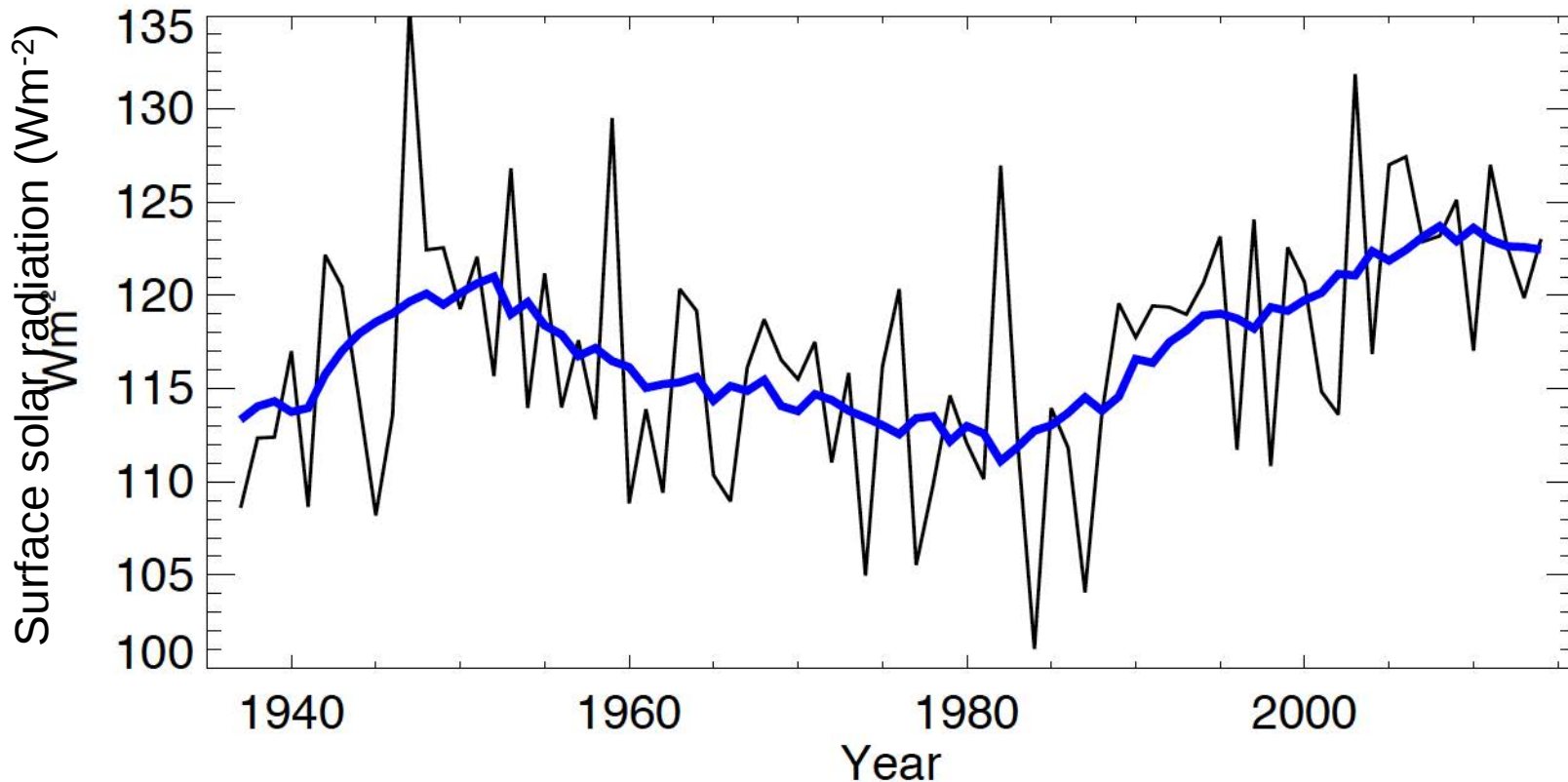
Decadal changes in surface solar radiation

Potsdam 1937 - 2014

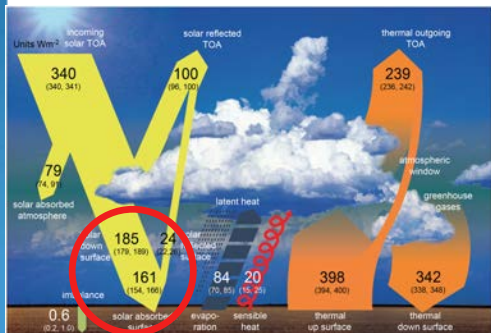


Decadal changes in surface solar radiation

Potsdam 1937 - 2014

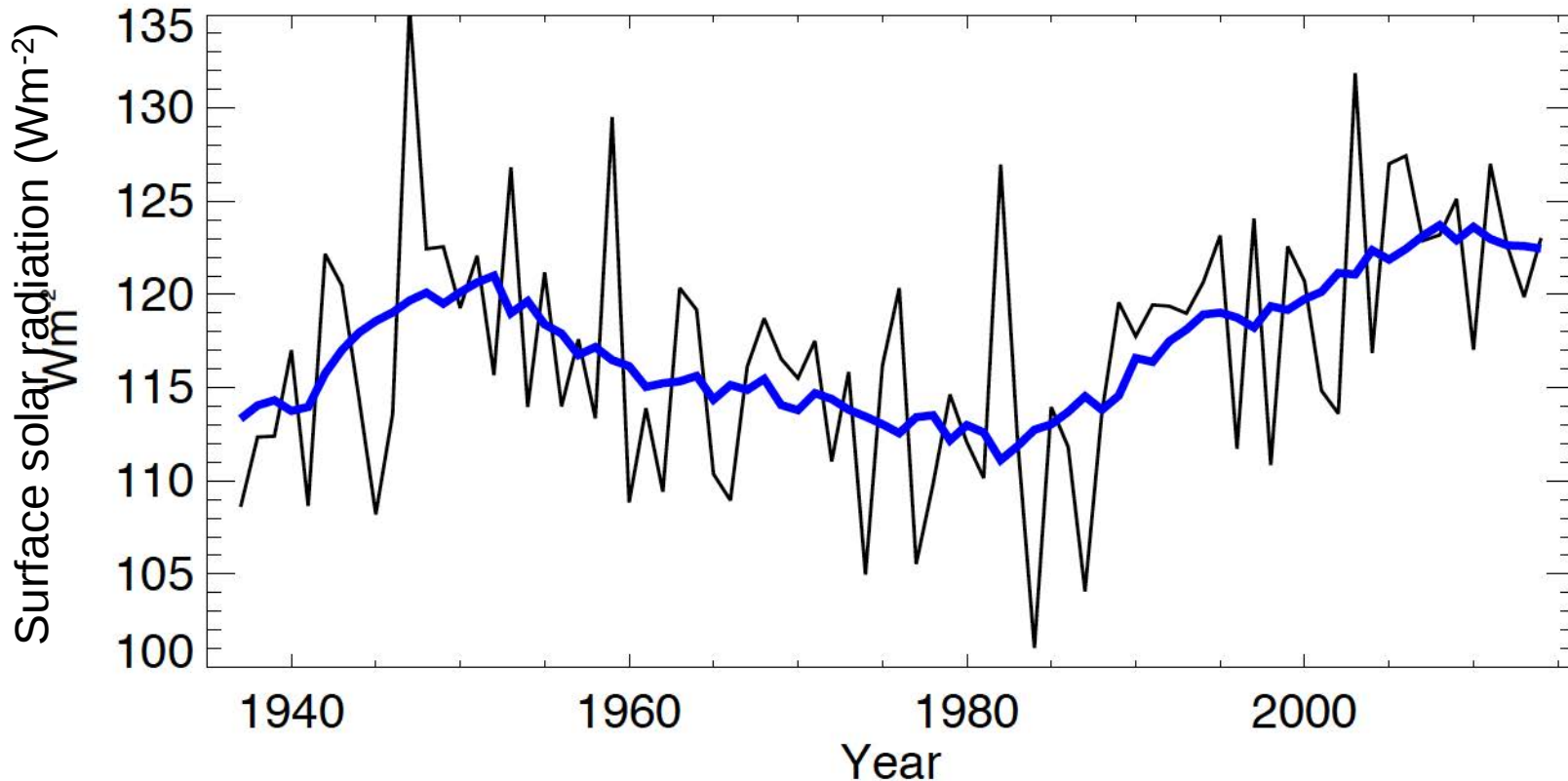


“dimming”

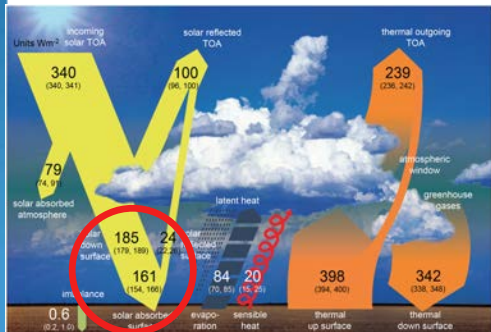


Decadal changes in surface solar radiation

Potsdam 1937 - 2014


















← "dimming" → ← "brightening" →



Decadal changes in surface solar radiation

Observed tendencies in surface solar radiation

	1950s-1980s	1980s-2000	after 2000
USA	-6 	5 	8 
Europe	-3 	2 	3 
China/Mongolia	-7 	4 	-4 
Japan	-5 	8 	0 
India	-3 	-8 	-10 

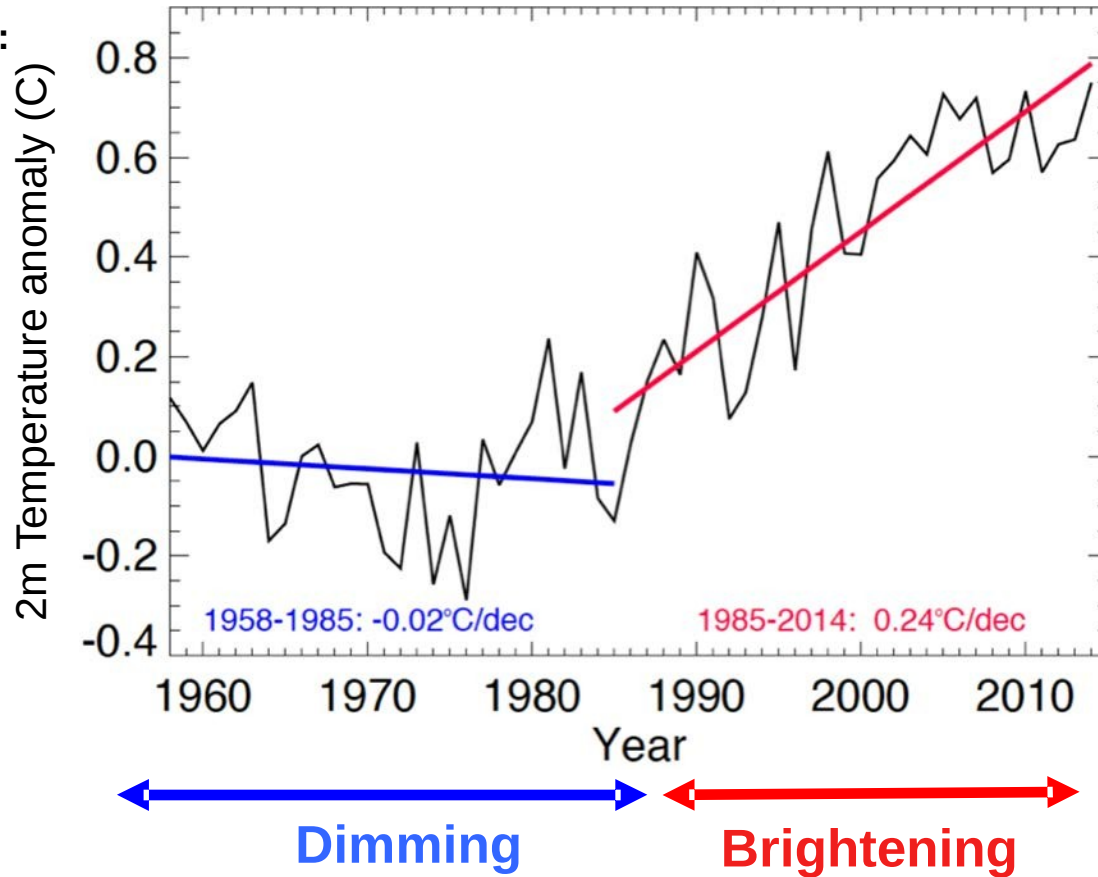
Numbers: literature values for changes in $\text{Wm}^{-2}/\text{decade}$

“dimming” **“brightening”**

Impact on global warming

Observed temperature Northern Hemisphere

Data source:
CRU



Modulations of global warming in line with dimming / brightening

Conclusions

- Earth Energy Balance is fundamental to the climate system, and requires a precise quantification
- Uncertainty of the Outgoing Longwave Radiation at TOA as measured by CERES due to calibration is 3.7 Wm^{-2} (2-sigma).
> may be improved with FORUM
- Anthropogenic interferences perturb the Earth energy balance
- Changes are measureable at the TOA, in the oceans and at Earth's surface
- Increase in greenhouse gases modulates the LW radiation: leads to an increase in surface downward LW of $2 \text{ Wm}^{-2}/\text{decade}$, while sign of future change in OLR is less clear.